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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi*

VOL. XXXV NO. 273 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER, 21, 1947 **Price: 2 Annas**

Taj

Tonight and Tomorrow
CABARET DINNER DANCE
LAYLA MORAY
THE TWO DARLEYS
Dorab Bhiwandiwala
Sunday 23rd
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Crowds Mob Buckingham Palace After Royal Wedding

IMPOSING CEREMONY AT WESTMINSTER ABBEY

World Greets Event As Fairy Tale Romance: Colourful Scenes In London

LONDON, Nov. 20. (Reuter): The Archbishop of Canterbury pronounced Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh "man and wife" at 11-45 a. m. G.M.T. (5-15 p.m. I.S.T.).

PROCESSIONS

The first act in the ceremony of the Royal wedding of Princess Elizabeth, heir presumptive to the British throne, and Philip Mountbatten, newly created Duke of Edinburgh, came promptly at 11.03 a.m. G.M.T. (4-33 p.m. I.S.T.) when the bride's mother, Queen Elizabeth, drove in procession from Buckingham Palace.

Almost simultaneously, the bridegroom left the Palace of Kensington, some two miles across the expanse of Royal parks, on his way to Westminster Abbey, where a distinguished array of guests, including representatives of almost every nation had taken seats.

Forty minutes later, in the thousand-year-old Abbey of Westminster, the Archbishop of Canterbury pronounced the Princess and the Duke "man and wife."

VISITORS PACK THE STREETS

Long before this, Londoners and visitors from the provinces and all parts of the world had packed the streets surrounding the Palace the Abbey and the Royal route—some estimates put their number at 2,000,000.

By midnight last night, there were few gaps on the route, and this morning, the crowd had formed into one huge, goodnatured throng cheering and clapping at every splash of colour, every trivial incident.

Favourite song among the waiters was the popular "All the Nice Girls Love a Sailor"—the Duke of Edinburgh is a Naval Lieutenant.

Princess Elizabeth, excited and happy as she looked out on the crowds from her Palace window before the ceremony, was flushed with excitement when, with her father she drove off in the ornate Irish coach for the Abbey.

CROWD CHEERS BRIDE

Her veil was thrown back, as is the custom with a Royal Princess, and her exquisite wedding gown with its long train drew gasps of delight from the women in the crowd as the coach went slowly by. As big a cheer as London has ever known thundered out from the packed throng as they caught sight of the bride.

The Princess waved to the crowd as she arrived at the Abbey and then, helped by her father, stepped lightly

(Continued on Page 5)

PRINCE PHILIP OF EDINBURGH

LONDON, Nov. 20 (Reuter): Full title of the Duke of Edinburgh is "His Royal Highness Prince Philip of Edinburgh", it was officially stated tonight. He will sign himself "Philip" not "Edinburgh" and will rank as a British Prince.

It was also stated at Buckingham Palace tonight that Princess Elizabeth will henceforth be known officially as "Her Royal Highness the Princess Elizabeth, Duchess of Edinburgh".

Off On Their Honeymoon

LONDON, Nov. 20 (Reuter): Throwing dignity to the winds, the King and Queen and their Royal guests ran into the forecourt of Buckingham Palace this afternoon and pelted the newly-married Princess Elizabeth and Philip Mountbatten—the Duke of Edinburgh—with rose petals as they sat in their open carriage in full view of 100,000 widely-cheering people.

Laughing and happy, the young pair, covered in rose petals set out on their honeymoon journey to Winchester and Romsey where they will stay at 'Broadlands', mansion of the Duke's uncle, Earl Mountbatten, Governor-General of India.

The King, in full Naval uniform but hatless, the Queen in her gold dress and the other guests in all their finery waved the young couple goodbye while the dense crowd, which had earlier broken through a police cordon to the very gates of the Palace, made room for them to pass through.

Mahatma's Gift To Princess

He Worked At Wheel For 60 Days To Make First Wedding Present In His Life

("CHRONICLE" SPECIAL)

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Working for half an hour a day for sixty days, with frequent intervals occasioned by political emergencies, Mahatma Gandhi spun the needed yarn to make his simple gift to Her Royal Highness Princess Elizabeth on the eve of her wedding.

Revealing this story for the first time, an A.I.C.C. member told a reporter of the "Bombay Chronicle" today that Mahatma Gandhi, in one of his wittiest moods, decided to keep the object of this prolonged toil at the Charkha, presented to him by Jawaharlal Nehru in 1945, a "tight" secret from members of his 'ashram'. When two months ago he made the first turn of the spinning wheel towards the historic end, only six persons knew of his objective—Nehru, Patel, Secretary Pyarelal, Kanu Gandhi, Aba Gandhi —and Lord Mountbatten!

During one of his visits it appears Gandhiji told the Governor-General "to keep it a secret."

Cotton for the table cloth gift came from Tirupur, the famed cotton centre in the south. At a special request from the Mahatma, the Madras Premier despatched a bundle of the best native-grown cotton.

The gift cost in the aggregate only Rs 19 and was the "cheapest" from the four corners of the world. Its borders were dyed in red and green, conveying a graphic synopsis of India's national Tricolour. It weighed 9 ounces.

Incidentally, this was the Mahatma's first wedding gift he ever gave.

When Pandit Nehru's daughter, Indira Priyadarshini, was married Gandhiji sent his blessings. When Kamala Nehru, Jawaharlal's late wife, wedded her famous husband, Kasturba Gandhi sent a bunch of rose petals. But Gandhiji preferred his much-cherished blessings to any concrete present. This time he preferred mere politicians to wire their best wishes while he put 60-day labour into a gift at once unique and a token of the Mahatma's simplicity.

RAILWAY BUDGET AT A GLANCE

THE FIRST RAILWAY BUDGET INTRODUCED BY THE GOVERNMENT IN THE FREE PARLIAMENT OF INDIA COVERS THE PERIOD 15th AUGUST 1947 to 31st MARCH 1948 THE ESTIMATED RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE 7 1/2 MONTHS LEAVE A NET DEFICIT OF 12.38 CRORES OF RUPEES WHICH IS SOUGHT TO BE COVERED PARTIALLY BY INCREASE IN RATES AND FARES EFFECTIVE FROM 1st JANUARY 1947 THE FOLLOWING ARE THE ESTIMATES AT A GLANCE:—

FROM AUGUST 15, 1947 TO MARCH 31 1948

REVENUE IN CRORES OF Rs.		EXPENDITURE	
Gross Traffic Receipts	107.00	Working Expenses	107
Miscellaneous Receipts	1.24	Interest Charges	13.44
Total Receipts	108.24	Total Expenditure	120.62
Net Deficit		12.38	
Expected Receipts from increase in rates and fares		9.15	
Final Deficit		3.23	

(SEE PAGE 2)

Pakistan's Bid To Have Railways At Scrap Value

PARTITION AND BOUNDARY AWARD CREATE NEW ORGANISATIONAL PROBLEMS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20. (A.P.I.): In an extempore speech, the Transport Minister, Dr. John Matthai referred to the partition of the country and how it reacted on the railways. Firstly certain operating arrangements which partition had rendered necessary had to be made. Secondly the important problem of division of assets and liabilities, and thirdly, certain problems of a carry-on nature. Arrangements had to be made for operating the railways in such a way as to reduce to a minimum the interruption of traffic. First arrangements were made regarding what are called running powers, that is to say, facilities were given to both the railways to cross beyond their respective territories where trains could be attended to and wagons inspected etc. It was not always possible to have all these arrangements made at the border towns. Thus the Government of India had running powers to Pakistan and vice versa.

Secondly, as a result of partition, certain railways had been completely isolated from the parent railways. In such cases, it was not merely necessary to accord running powers, but working powers as well. We had given Pakistan working powers and Pakistan had given us working powers. Thirdly, through booking of wagons and coaches had also been provided for. Fourthly, it had been arranged that there should be no changes in fares and freight on one railway without notice being given to other railways. Fifthly, it so happened that as a result of territorial distribution of the workshops, the workshop of a particular railway happened to be inside or outside of the border. In such cases, the original facilities which were available were no longer available The workshop of the Eastern Punjab Railway was in Moghulpura (Lahore) in Pakistan and they

(Continued On Page 5)

PAY MORE FOR SEASON TICKETS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20. (A.P.I.): The following will be the effect of the Transport Member's proposal for increase in fares on season tickets:—

Suburban season tickets first class 50 per cent;
Second class 25 per cent;
Inter class 18-3/4 per cent and
Third class 12-1/2 per cent.

Season tickets for rural area would be based on twelve return fares per month.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH-
NEW YORK, Nov. 20.

Previous closing	34.27
Today's opening	34.15
Difference	—12
Today's closing	34.56
Difference	+29

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK, Nov. 20.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:
Anaconda Copper Mining 35-3/8.
General Motors 59.
United States Steel Common 76-1/4.
United States Steel Prel. unquoted.

LAST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

	Rs.	As.
Cotton Jarila Jan.	472	0
Cotton Jarila March	473	0
Silver Bullion	159	4
Gold Forward	105	5
Sovereign	69	12

Police Clash With Kisans

Five Killed And 19 Injured In 'Pitched Battle' In Hyderabad State

BOMBAY, Nov. 20 (UPI): Five persons are reported to have been killed and 19 injured in a 'pitched battle' between the Hyderabad State police and the Kisans at Bhamathana village in Vaijapur Taluka in the district of Aurangabad, says a bulletin issued by the Hyderabad State Congress Publicity Centre in Bombay today.

It appears about 100 persons marched to the Customs Naka at the place on November 16 last and clashed with the police and other armed people posted there.

The bulletin further reports the imposition of a collective fine of Rs. 21,000 on Gallepalli village in Karimnagar district which was the scene of firing on September 14 last.

BOMBAY'S SUPPORT TO HYDERABAD STRUGGLE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

At a mammoth public meeting of several thousands of citizens of Bombay held last night under the auspicious of the Hyderabad State Praja Mandal, it was unanimously decided to accord every kind of support to the Hyderabad State Subjects' struggle to establish popular rule and to join the Indian Union. The meeting was addressed among others by Messrs. Jamnadas M. Mehta, R. A. Gole, D. B. Raipalli, and Acharya P. K. Atre.

KATHIAWAD MEMONS' TELEGRAM TO NEHRU

Mr. Suleman Haji Moosa has on behalf of Kathiawad Memons staying in Bombay sent a telegram to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru drawing attention to cases of arson and looting in Bantwa and Kutiyana, and also in Rajkot.

In the course of the telegram Mr. Suleman also says:—

"We have also received information about some people having been killed. We solicit your personal interest in this and request to take immediate steps. We also request for an immediate impartial inquiry and hope that those responsible will be punished and victims will be duly compensated".

DISTRIBUTION OF PORTFOLIOS IN KOLHAPUR

KOLHAPUR, Nov. 20 (API): Consequent on the appointment of new Ministers, portfolios were reshuffled at yesterday's Cabinet meeting.

Mr. Vasantrao Bagal was elected Chief Minister and will hold the Home portfolio. Mr. Khandekar will be the Revenue Minister, Mr. Kharkanis, Finance Minister and Mr. Narayanrao Saranayak, Supplies Minister. Mr. Sarjerao Mane, previously Supplies Minister, is now Judicial Minister. Other Ministers hold the same portfolios which they held in the former Ministry.

RAJKOT ADMINISTRATION

RAJKOT, Nov. 20 (API): The new administrator of Junagadh State, Mr. S. W. Shiveshwarkar, has dissolved the State Council which had been functioning since 1944. All references so far made to the State Council will in future be addressed to the Administrator.

Rao Saheb T. L. Shah, Deputy Regional Commissioner, Western India and Gujerat States, has been appointed Joint Administrator of Junagadh State.

BAN ON GUJERATI DAILY

The Administrator of Junagadh has banned the entry into the State of the Bombay Gujerathi daily, the 'Vatan', with immediate effect, as in his opinion the entry of the newspaper into the State is "dangerous to public safety and tranquillity".

Gunmen Kill Four Arabs

Stern Gang Reprisal For Death Of Jewish Girls

JERUSALEM, Nov. 20 (Reuter): Gunmen described as member of the Stern Gang today shot and killed four Arabs and seriously wounded a fifth whom they dragged from a house between Herzla and Ranaana, north of the all-Jewish city of Tel Aviv.

The killings were thought to be further terrorist reprisals for the death of three Jewish girls and two young Jews in a clash between Stern Gang members and British troops in this area last week.

Eleven British soldiers and civilians were killed and 31 wounded in Stern Gang reprisal actions after last week's clash.

U. S. JANUARY GRAIN ALLOCATION FOR INDIA

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20. (U.P.A.) The January grain allocation for India is 8.500 tons of wheat, 12.000 tons of flour and 17.000 tons sorghums, totalling 37.500 tons compared to 54.500 tons in December, it was announced today.

Trusteeship Council For Jerusalem

LAKE SIUCCESS New York Nov. 19. (Reuter): The United Nations Palestine Partition Sub-Committee agreed to-night that Jerusalem be placed under the Trusteeship Council. It was agreed that Jerusalem and surrounding territory be made an international zone.

"AIR INDIA" SERVICES

MADRAS, Nov. 20 (API): "Air India" announces that their Madras-Bangalore, Coimbatore, Cochin, Travancore service will resume operations from November 21 and Madras-Bombay non-stop services from November 23 on the same schedule as before.

Lawrence Demands Lifting Of Trade Sanctions

Final Day's Debate On Indo-South African Dispute In U.N. General Assembly

FLUSHING, Nov. 20. (Reuter): Final act in the keenly debated Indian-South African dispute over the treatment of Indians in South Africa was staged tonight when the question came before the United Nations General Assembly.

Mr. Harry Lawrence, (South Africa) went to the rostrum first to initiate the final day's debate. He challenged Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit directly to tell the Assembly that India did not—for the purposes of the proposed Round Table discussions—expect the Union Government to admit it had broken agreement and violated the United Nations Charter.

UNILATERAL SANCTIONS

Then referring to India's severance of trade relations with the Union, Mr. Lawrence said: "The Indian Delegation has contended that these are not really sanctions but merely the termination of trade relations. The fact remains that they constitute unilateral pressure by way of a trade embargo, imposed for the specific purpose of forcing the Union Government to submit to the demands of the Indian Government."

Mr. Lawrence then told the General Assembly that the South African Government still stood strongly by the view that the entire matter was essentially within the domestic jurisdiction of the Union and therefore beyond the competence of the Assembly.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Belgium, Brazil, Cuba, Denmark and Norway then introduced their joint resolution asking the Assembly to call upon both Governments "after inviting Pakistan, to take part in negotiations to continue their efforts with a view to reaching agreement, settling the dispute through a round table conference or other direct means, or, if necessary, by mediation or conciliation, and should they fail to reach such an agreement to submit the question of the obligations under the agreements and under the provisions of the Charter to the International Court of Justice."

Stop Press

INDIA'S TERMS TO BRITISH OFFICERS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20, (A.P.I.): Terms for the loan of British Officers and other Ranks to the Armed Forces of India from January 1, 1948 have been announced by the Government of India.

BLUM NOMINATED PREMIER

PARIS, Nov. 20 (Aeuter): M. Leon Blum, Veteran French Socialist leader was tonight nominated Premier designate by President Vincent Auriol following the resignation of Premier Paul Ramadier.

M. Blum will present himself before the National Assembly tomorrow afternoon when he will outline the policy his new Cabinet would pursue. If the obsains a vote of confidence he will then proceed to form his Cabinet.

MARSHALL LEAVES FOR LONDON

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20. (UPA): Secretary of State George C. Marshall left today for the crucial London meeting of Foreign Ministers with Presidential "godspeed and good luck". The meeting will begin next Tuesday.

HUNGARIAN M. P. FLEES COUNTRY

BUDAPEST Nov. 20 (Reuter): M. Karoly Payer, who was leader of the Hungarian Social Democrat Party until he was expelled before the August elections, fled the country last night Hungarian police later today closed the headquarters of M. Pfeiffer's Party. M. Pfeiffer's property was segregated.

Indian Troops Relieve Garrison At Jhangar

Gilgit Tribesmen Infiltrate Towards Gurais, 35 Miles North Of Srinagar

NEW DELHI, November 20. (A.P.I.): A Defence Ministry Communique tonight said: "A small Kashmir and Jammu State force garrison at Jhangar, surrounded by raiders, has been relieved by Indian Army troops. Beyond Jhangar our troops moved north some miles on Jhangar—Kotli road, after clearing a number of road blocks. Minor sniping was encountered by our troops.

"Except for patrol activity there is nothing to report from the Uri area, "Royal Indian Air Force planes flew on offensive reconnaissance over Lambar and Bhimbar areas".

COLUMN ON MOVE TO RELIEVE STATE TROOPS

SRINAGAR, November 20 (API):—A column of troops is on the move to relieve State garrisons besieged along the one-hundred mile front from Dhimbaer in Mirpur area to Domel in Muzaffarabad area.

Poonch, the capital of the Feudatory State of Poonch, 30 miles from the border of West Punjab is the deepest point which the invaders have penetrated.

It was besieged for twelve days while Kotli, 22 miles south-west, held out 25 days.

In a recent raid on Kotli the invaders killed 72 civilians, abducted 20 women and burnt alive a State trooper, who fell into their hands.

The three most gravely threatened garrisons, which are being supplied by air drops are now in Mirpur, Kotli and Poonch respectively 70, 80 and 90 airmiles north-west of Jammu. The population of each town is doubled or trebled by the influx of refugees.

The majority of the raiders are border tribesmen including Sudhans, a Muslim tribe in Poonch area. The invaders are believed to be strongly reinforced by local men of Poonch, which gives more recruits to the Indian Army in a time of war than any other part of the Indian Empire. During the last war it is stated Poonch gave over 60,000 volunteers to the armed services

Clearing the Kashmir Valley is a straightforward job for troops compared with this invasion, where operations are complicated by mountains and jungles.

Operations against the raiders continue between Uri and Domel, says a Press Note issued by the Jammu and Kashmir Government.

Civil administration is being restored in Uri and the people of the Ilaqua, who had run are returning to their homes.

MAHURA POWER HOUSE WORKING AGAIN

Mahura Power Station has started working again. Parts of Srinagar city had electric light yesterday.

Emergency police pickets have been posted in all centres covering Handwara and Bandipore.

Following an appeal by National Conference leaders, looted property worth thousands of rupees has been recovered from the Ganderbal area.

IN JAMMU CITY

Military situation throughout the Province of Jammu has shown improvement. Jammu city and the outskirts are returning to normal life. Gen. Kulwant Singh, Commanding Indian Troops in the State, has taken over charge of city. Minorities are now feeling reassured and have started moving about freely.

Sheikh Mohd. Abdulla paid a visit to refugee camps in the city and offered Rs. 20.000 for the relief of the refugees on behalf of the National Conference. He left for Srinagar this morning.

DEATH PENALTY FOR LOOT & ABDUCTION

An Ordinance has been promulgated by the Head of the Jammu and Kashmir Administration impos-

(Continued on Page 5)

Controls To Be Lifted Shortly?

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Nov. 20.

Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Government of Bombay, said in informal talks with Congress workers that now that the A.I.C.C. has given the mandate to remove controls. He believed that these controls would be lifted shortly. But this question is for the Central Government and not for the Provincial Governments to decide.

CHALLENGE TO MARSHALL

Wallace Calls For Declaration Of U. S. Intentions Towards Russia

MACON, Georgia, Nov. 20 (UPA): Henry Wallace, former Vice-President, challenged Secretary of State Marshall to assure Marshal Stalin "before he dies" that the United States wants no war as, Wallace said, the Soviet Premier has assured this country.

Wallace did not imply he felt Stalin would die soon but said he did not know what attitude Stalin's successor might take towards the "recent weight throwing" by the United States.

He spoke to a mixed race audience—sitting across the aisle from each other as city policemen kept constant vigil against any infractions of Macon's segregation law.

Wallace declared Marshall "should not talk about 'iron curtains' because he has withheld such vital information as the Wedemeyer report on conditions in China".

He said "Communism" was the cry raised by Mussolini, Hitler and France "until it engendered World War II". He added, "If it continues here and if it rises more stridently American democracy will be a casualty, the American people will be victims and World War III will result".

MAHATMA'S DON'TS FOR REFUGEES

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20 (API): Gandhiji in his post-prayer speech this evening referred to some shortcomings of refugees. He was told there was black-marketing going on among refugees themselves. The officials who were concerned in the work of looking after them were not reported to be above reproach. Naturally no charge could be universal, but even if there was one blacksheep among many, the many suffered in the consequence. Then he was told that refugees themselves were not above resorting to petty thefts. He expected perfect straightforwardness from them.

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Travel To Cost More In India

Price For Better Wages For Workers

FIRST RAILWAY BUDGET IN FREE PARLIAMENT

No Contribution To General Revenues And Reserves

(NEW DELHI, Nov. 20.—The most salient feature of the Indian Dominion's first Railway Budget is an addition of about Rs. 22½ crores in the wages bill for the remaining 7½ months of the financial year resulting from the implementing of the Pay Commission's recommendations and larger losses on grainshop concession due to the rise in commodity prices.

INCREASE IN THE WAGE BILL

As a result of the deliberations between the Railway Board and the All-Indian Railwaymen's Federation the concessions originally proposed by the Central Pay Commission have been liberalised by way of more improved scales of pay for skilled artisans and by the continuance of the existing scheme of dearness allowance partly in cash and partly in kind in lieu of the Pay Commission's scheme of only cash relief. The additional expenditure on staff during the budget period on wages and allowances excluding grainshop concession is Rs. 17 1-4 crores. The grain-shop concession is expected to cost the Government an additional Rs. 5 1/4 crores due to the rise in commodity prices. The aggregate additional benefit to railway employees, mainly Class III and Class IV employees, is thus in the region of Rs. 22 1-2 crores for the budget period August 15, 1947 to March 31, 1948.

The other important factor which has caused an increase in working expenses of railways has been the increase in the prices of coal.

These increases in the prices of coal of Rs. 2-6-0 per ton for Bengal and Bihar coal and Rs. 1-14-0 per ton for Central Provinces coal is due to the increase in the controlled basic prices and enhancement of the welfare cess. The net effect on the railway budget has been an additional expenditure of about Rs. 2 crores.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

The budget estimates for the period August 15, 1947, to March 31, 1948, put gross traffic receipts at Rs. 107 crores on the existing level of fares and rates. The fall in parcels traffic has been less than originally anticipated and earnings from goods traffic have been below expectation on account of a large proportion of the goods carrying capacity of the railways having been absorbed by the lower rated coal and foodgrains traffic. Earnings from passenger traffic are, however, like to exceed estimates in spite of the dislocation of traffic caused by disturbances in certain areas of the country. Military traffic is also substantially high due largely to the rail movement of Armed Forces consequent on the partition of the country.

Ordinary working expenses including appropriation to the Depreciation Fund and payment to worked lines of their share of net earnings for the budget period are computed at Rs. 107.18 crores and interest charges at 13.44 crores. Taking into account miscellaneous receipts, which amount to Rs. 1.24 crores, the net deficit amounts to Rs. 12.38 crores and a revision of rates and fares has thus become inevitable. The proposed rise in rates and fares which will come into force from January 1, 1948, is expected to bring in a revenue during the budget period of Rs. 9.15 crores, and the net deficit is expected to be reduced to Rs. 3.19 crores.

INCREASE IN PASSENGER FARES

The increase in passenger fares applies to all classes, but is progressively steeper for higher classes of accommodation. Uniform flat rates have been substituted for the present telescopic rates which decrease with the length of the journey and the present practice on some railways of charging higher rate for travel by Mail or Express trains has been extended to other railways as well, except the Oudh Tirhut Railway. The incidence of the increase will, therefore, be heavier on long distance than on short distance traffic. On the whole, the cost to the poorman who undertakes essential short distance journey will be very little more than at present on most railways while on some railways it will actually be lower as the railways are now charging rates higher than the new rates.

For First Class travel, the general rates at present are 24 pies per mile up to 300 miles, and 18 pies per mile thereafter plus a surcharge of 13%. The new rate is 30 pies per mile irrespective of the distance travelled. for the upper class on the Assam Railway instead of a telescopic rate of 18 pies per mile plus a surcharge of 13%, 24 pies per mile will be charged. For second class travel the existing rate of 12 pies per mile up to 300 miles and 9 pies thereafter plus surcharge, the rate would be increased to 16 pies. Inter Class travel will cost 7½ pies per mile by ordinary trains and 9 pies per mile by mail trains instead of the existing average rate of 5.7 pies plus surcharge. Third class travel will cost 5 pies per mile by mail and 4 pies per mile by ordinary trains instead of existing average rate of 3.6 pies inclusive of surcharge. On the Oudh Tirhut Railway, however, only ordinary fares will apply.

REVISION OF FREIGHT RATES

The question of simplification of the freight rating structure has been engaging the attention of the Ministry of Railways for a considerable time. The detailed investigation commenced in April 1945 is still proceeding. Government were therefore confronted with the difficulty that whereas enhancement of the rates level had become urgently necessary, the rates investigation was not complete. It was decided that both purposes should be served concurrently by lifting the 'Class' rate scales and telescoping them over the longer distances. This is being done in Classes IV to IX as Special Classes A. and B. the latter relating to manures, minerals and other low-grade goods usually carried in bulk. The structure of Classes 1 to 3 is being left unchanged although the class maxima are being lifted. These rates relate mainly to food supplies and other necessities, a radical disturbance in the rates for which would not be advisable at the present time. In fact, care has been taken to ensure that as far as possible there will be no increase in the cost of transport for foodgrains and seeds for sowing. Another reform which is being introduced is the elimination of many of the schedule rates at present applied by railways both in local and inter-railway bookings. This is a step in aid of the final introduction of telescopic class rates for all commodities.

Coal freight rates are definitely below the present cost of transport, and pending a permanent revision of the complicated coal freight rate structure, the present practice of allowing a rebate on coal shipped coastwise is being withdrawn. Existing terminal and similar charges levied by railways are to be increased by 50 per cent, and the surcharge on coal, which prior to the war was 12½ per cent and later raised to 20 per cent, is to be increased to 30 per cent. An increase in the special rates hitherto quoted for iron and steel by railways on which the important foundries are situated, has already been notified.

CAPITAL AT CHARGE AND RESERVES

No agreement has been reached with the Pakistan Dominion as regards the valuation of the assets to be allocated to their Dominion and the question is to be decided by the Arbitral Tribunal set up under the Arbitral Tribunal Order, 1947, promulgated under Section 9 of the Indian Independence Act. The Government of India's estimate of the figure of Capital at Charge of Indian Railways on August 15, 1947, is Rs. 659 crores. On this basis, the balance in the Depreciation Reserve Fund, on that date, would be Rs. 93.22 crores. The balance in the Betterment Fund and the Railway Reserve Fund are estimated to stand at Rs. 11.71 crores and Rs. 7.98 crores, respectively.

In view of the estimated deficit during the budget period, the contribution to general revenues of Rs. 7½ crores, budgeted for in 1947-48, will not now be made.

The Betterment Fund which was started in 1946-47, to meet expenditure on amenities to passengers and on staff welfare schemes, etc. will also receive no contribution. An expenditure of Rs. 3.84 crores is, however, expected to be met from the Fund during the budget period. The balance in the Fund at the end of March 1948, is estimated at Rs. 8.07 crores.

The Railway Reserve Fund will also receive no contribution, but will, on the other hand, lose Rs. 3.29 crores for meeting arrears of depreciation on rolling stock and the net deficit on the budget. The balance in the Fund at the end of the current budget year is estimated at Rs. 4.69 crores.

The Railway Depreciation Fund will bear a net debit of Rs. 2.94 crores leaving a balance of Rs. 90.28 Crores at the end of March 1948.

NEW DEVELOPMENT SCHEMES

The Works programme during the budget period includes provision for the construction of three new lines, two in the Coal fields area and the third in the north of Bengal for providing a direct link with Assam. A provision of 1-1/4 Crores has been made to meet the expenditure on these new lines and also for the restoration of the Bhimsen-Khairada Section of the Great-Indian Peninsula Railway, which was dismantled during the war and for the construction of the Rupar-Talaura line on the Eastern Punjab Railway, a new line intended to serve the Bhakra Dam. The construction of the latter two lines is already in progress.

CO-ORDINATION OF TRANSPORT

A provision of Rs. 69-1/2 lakhs has been included in the budget for investment in joint road-rail transport companies being formed in C.P., U.P., Madras, Orissa and Bihar.

Fans For 3rd Class Passengers

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20 (API).—Dr. John Matthai, Minister for Transport, said in the Constituent Assembly (Legislative) in reply to Mr. S. Nagappa that Government had decided to purchase the Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway extensions, a part of which would be converted to metre gauge for providing a through rail link between Assam and the rest of India.

Government were considering the question of purchase of the Barsi Light Railway, Pachora-Jamner Railway, Matheran Light Railway and the Darjeeling Himalayan Railway.

Dr. Matthai said in reply to Mr. R. K. Sidhwa that the question of purchasing the G.N.I.T. Company's Bus Service and the Tramways now plying in Old and New Delhi was at present under consideration.

Dr. Matthai said in reply to Mr. Ram Chandra Gupta that it had been decided to provide electric fans in compartments of all new third class coaches, subject to the availability of electrical equipment.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Minister for Food said that Rs. 20.59 crores represented the loss resulting from the decision to subsidise imported foodgrains so as not to increase the prices paid by the consumer in April 1946. About Rs. 8 lakhs loss was expected from imports of condensed milk from U.S.A. as a consignment of 500 tons was received in a deteriorated condition.

Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai, Communications Minister, said in a written reply to Mr. D. P. Khaitan that the question of making India self-sufficient in the matter of telegraph equipment would receive attention shortly.

LOSS IN RAILWAY REVENUE

Dr. Matthai said in reply to Mr. K. Santhanam that the estimated loss of railway revenue due to communal disturbances in the Punjab was Rs. 2,33,37,000 for the period August 15, 1947 to October 31, 1947.

The expenses incurred in the running of refugee trains were debited to the general revenus of the Government of India.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad said in reply to Pandit H. N. Kunzru that the effect of the partition of the country on India's food resources would be to increase the net annual deficit by about eight lakhs of tons of food grains.

MANUFACTURE OF RADIO SETS

Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee, Minister for Industries and Supplies, said in reply to prof. N. G. Ranga that at present only Assembly of radio sets from imported radio components was possible in this country. Attempts were, however, being made to manufacture as many radio components as possible, and it was hoped that in the next five years India would be well on her way to self-sufficiency in this regard. No highly specialised machinery was required for the manufacture of the majority of the radio components needed, and this machinery could be manufactured in India.

Dr. Matthai said in reply to Mr. K. Santhanam that the total route mileage in India after the separation of Pakistan was 24,565 miles.

A lighter side to the supplementaries was provided when a member spoke of the need for abolishing "Hindu water" and "Muslim water" at railway stations while another member butted in, "is there scheduled caste water?". (Laughter). The question of dogs travelling in railway compartments was raised by Mr. R. K. Sidhwa.

Dr. Matthai pointed out that dogs could only be carried in a compartment if other passengers in the compartment did not object; otherwise they would have to be removed to brake vans. Dr. Mathai added: "I wonder if Mr. Sidhwa, who is a very kind person, if he knows the condition in which dogs have got to travel especially in hot weather in brake vans, would insist on inflicting an intolerable cruelty on these poor, dumb things". (Laughter).

The report on Co-operative Farming in Bombay Province submitted by the Special Officer, appointed by the Government of Bombay, has been published and the copies are available for sale at the Government Book Depot, Charni Road Gardens, Bombay. The price of each copy is four annas.

INCREASE IN SEASON TICKET FARES

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20 (A.P.I.): Fares on all Indian Government railways will be standardised for the first time, following the findings of the Pay Commission and the adjudicator's award which have greatly standardised railway operating costs. This will result in the removal of many anomalies which have arisen out of the levy of surcharges on basic fares.

It has been found possible to keep the third class basic fare by ordinary trains at 4 pies per mile without surcharge. This used to be the pre-war fare by ordinary trains on the G.I.P. M.S.M. Railways and also on what is now the Assam Railway. The somewhat lower basic fares of 3-3/4 pies per mile charged by the B. B. and C. I. Railway and 3-1/2 pies per mile charged by the East Indian, Bengal-Nagpur and the South Indian Railways were in many cases brought above the new basic fare by the imposition of the two surcharges. These surcharges are now withdrawn.

The new basic fare applies at all distances, and differs from the old in as much as the pre-war fares represented the first leg of a telescopic scale which descended with distance.

The Government are making a determined effort to keep the cost of the poor man's essential short distance travel at the lowest possible level commensurate with present day operating costs. The new basic fare will be 5 pies per mile even for longer journeys; while the pre-war third class mail fare varied between 4 and 5 pies per mile for the first leg of the telescope.

SUBURBAN FARES

The suburban season ticket fares, it is stated, have for long been unremunerative. Those based on single journey fares of eight annas or below have hitherto escaped all increase, while practically all other third class suburban season ticket fares have suffered only one small increase of 6 1/4 per cent.

The small percentage increase now to be applied to charges for such season tickets is obviously conditioned by the same considerations which apply to the poor men's essential short distance travel. Inevitably fares for higher classes of travel have had to be increased steeply. But these fares have been standardised at the different class levels. It is pointed out that this will be the first time since 1939 that many of the suburban third class season ticket fares have been subjected to an increase which is only 12-1/2 per cent as against an increase of 55 per cent on all tickets including season tickets and workman's tickets in the United Kingdom.

The increase in the fares in India has been graded up to second class and the level of first class fares is now fixed in relation to the fares charged by the air services, while in the British railways the increase has been a uniform percentage increase in all fares.

That the Indian Government railways have been able to avoid corresponding increase in rates and fares has been due to the large volume of traffic and therefore to better pay to-day and a better occupancy ratio, it is explained. Even with the revised rates and fares it will not be possible to stop leakages of revenue which result from ticketless travel and other irregular practices. The estimated loss to the railways through ticketless travelling is about Rs. 8 crores.

MRS. PANDIT TO VISIT INDIA

LAKE SUCCESS, November 19. (Reuter): Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, Indian Ambassador to the Soviet Union and leader of the Indian delegation to the United Nations, will leave New York by air for India on November 20 before returning to her post in Moscow.

Mrs. Pandit, who will be accompanied by her daughter Rita, is expected to reach Bombay on December 8. She intends to remain in India about 10 days.

ARRESTED FOR ALLEGED THEFT OF GOLD

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Alleged to be responsible for the theft of 58 lbs. of gold valued at Rs. 180,000 from the freight office of Air-India limited, Mandadkhan Bagakhan and Rahimatkhan Noorkhan were produced before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court today.

The first accused is the night watchman of Air-India and the second accused the building watchman of the concern.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to be remanded in police custody pending police inquiries.

SHAVAX CHAVDA'S ONE-MAN SHOW

A one-man show of the latest paintings and drawings by Mr. Shiavax Chavda will be opened by Mr. Karl Khandalawalla at the Prince's Room, Taj Mahal Hotel, today.

Mr. Chavda, who is now well-known to Bombay had an Exhibition earlier this year and is now ready again with eighty new pictures being the results of his recent travels.

During his stay in the South, he visited Madras, Tanjore Trichinopoly, Chidambaram, Kumbakonam, Madura and Kodaikanal. His latest pictures depict 'Ho', the aboriginal tribe of Bihar, labourers of Bihar and colourful people of the Sunny South and a few designs from Ellora and Ajanta.

The exhibition will remain open till November 28.

BOMBAY RACES

WINTER MEETING—3rd DAY

SATURDAY—22nd NOVEMBER, 1947.

DAY TICKETS:

1st Enclosures: Gentleman Rs. 5 0 0; Lady Rs. 3 0 0

2nd Enclosures: ..... Rs. 3 0 0

SEASON TICKETS:

Member ..... Rs. 80 0 0
Lady Member ..... Rs. 40 0 0
Non-Member ..... Rs. 80 0 0
Lady Non-Member Rs. 40 0 0

RACING UNDER IDEAL CONDITIONS

"RAFIK PUBLICATIONS"

have very great pleasure to announce, that their First Book edited by ABDUL LATIF DADA, will be out in the last week of December, '47. The title of this Book will be

"CRYSTAL CLEAR FACTS MY TRIALS AND THORNS THROWN BY MY NOBLE FRIENDS"

the price of the book will be "Pay-what-you-can" as, after deducting the actual expenses, the balance will be utilised for opening the Refugees Co-operative Stores at Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, Amritsar, Kutiyana, and other places in India and Pakistan.

Book sellers who are willing to handle such type of Sales.

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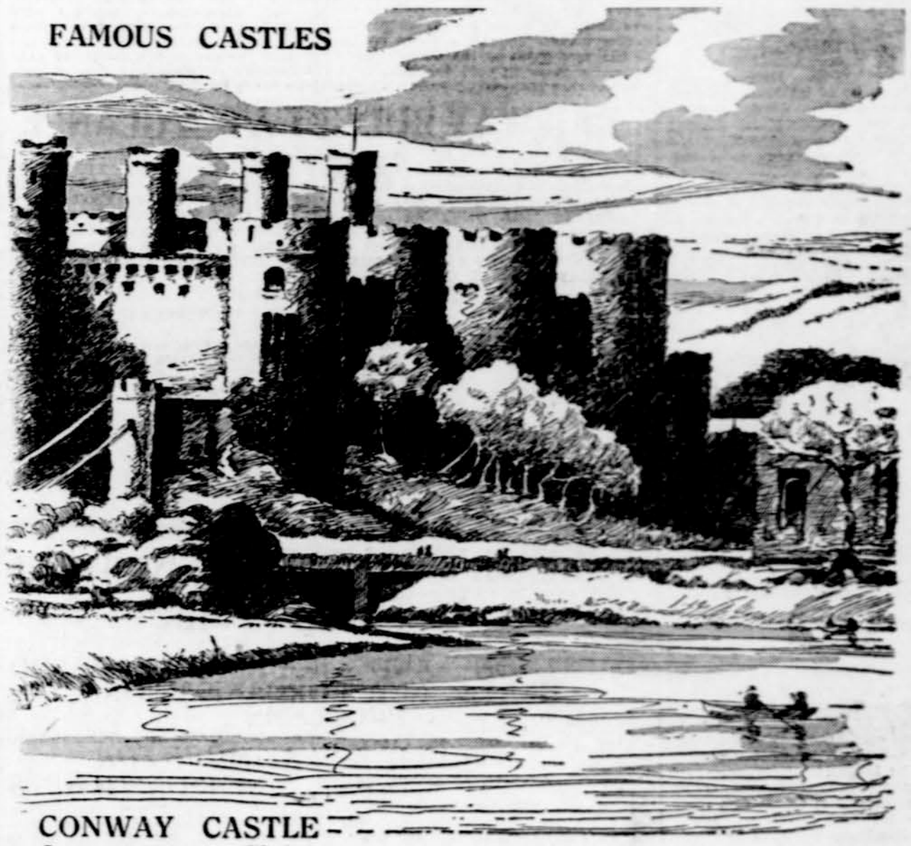

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TOMORROW
JUBILEE PICTURES' Devotional
BHAKTA
AMBARISH
(in GUJARATI)
NEW WEST END
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
SUNDAY MAT. 1 p.m.
Reservation: 10 to 12, 4 to 6

2nd WEEK OF RECORD CROWDS!
JAMUNA'S Musical Hit
RATTAN
Also SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL IN JUNAGADH
Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-30 p.m.
SURYA
POYBAWDI, PAREL
A DIAMOND-SELECT Release

ARDESHIR M. IRANI'S
PUJARI
FOURTH WEEK at
SWASTIK
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sunday Matinee at 1 p.m.
Ad. Booking 10 to 12; 3 to 6
AJIT Release

From TODAY
CITY-LIGHT
—: Matunga (B.B.) :—
Daily: 1-15 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
REPUBLIC SERIAL
DICK TRACY
VS
CRIME INC.
RALPH BYRD
Sunday Morn. 9 a.m.
ARYAMALA (Tamil

You Asked For It!
SO
SINBAD THE SAILOR
will continue his adventures for a
4TH WEEK
at the
EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
RKO Radio's grand spectacle in TECHNICOLOR starring
Douglas Fairbanks: Maureen O'Hara: Walter Slezak
Complimentaries suspended

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Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
THRILL-RAGING ROMANTIC ADVENTURE
COLUMBIA'S
"LAST OF THE REDMEN"
in COLOUR!
Jon Hall, Michael O'Shea
Adapted from James Jenimore Cooper's "Last of the Mohicans"
Sunday morning at 10:
CECIL B. DEMILLE'S
"CRUSADES"
Loretta Young, Henry Wilcoxon

POPULAR WINNER!
ALL INDIA'S Unusual Hit
DOLI
SULOCHANA, WASTI, MADHURI
5th Week of Greater Crowds
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sun. Mon. 1 p.m.
KRISHNA
A 'FAMOUS Release

GALA OPENING
TODAY AT 3-30 P.M.
BHARAT PRODUCTIONS' Musical Social
With
* HANSA WADKAR
* VASANTI
* CHETAN ANAND
* DIXIT
* GUJAB
* SHAKIR
A SUNRICH Release
MEENA
KAMAL TALKIES
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p. m.

See SARDAR PATEL'S VISIT TO JUNAGADH on the screen Simultaneously at 2 Theatres!
S. F. HASNAIN'S
3rd CROWDED WEEK
KASTA
PATAN BROTHERS' PICTURE
Director: HARPRASAD
MAYADEVI
W. M. KHAN
Matinee: Sun., Mon. 1 p.m. Matinee: Sat., Sun., Mon. 1-15 p.m
CAPITOL
CHITRA
A PEARL Release
Daily at both 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.

SHE DEDICATED HER BODY & SOUL TO LORD KRISHNA!

SEE and FEEL HER DIVINE
DEDICATION,
SUPERBLY EXPRESSED THROUGH HER
MELODIOUS MUSIC!
*
INDIA'S SWEETEST NIGHTINGALE —
SMT. . . S.
SUBBULAKSHMI,
— in —
CHAN RAPRABHA Cinetone's
OPENING TODAY at
CENTRAL
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Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m. Sun. and Holidays at 1 p.m.
Advance Booking 10 to 12 : 4 to 6
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CITY & SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Kartik Shud 8, 2004.
Muslim: Mohurrum 7, 1367.
Parsi: Khordad 19, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-49 a.m. Sunset: 6-00 p.m.
Hightide: 05-26, 17-48. Lowtide: 12-56, 23-29.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE: A special meeting of the Standing Committee will be held in the Corporation Hall today (Friday) at 2-30 p.m. (B.T.), for the further consideration of the Budget Estimates for the year 1948-49.

COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS: Municipal Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 13 today (Friday) at 7-51 a.m. (B.T.), at Byculla Fire Brigade Station and go round with them in the Ward.

SOCIALIST PARTY: Public meeting at Kamgar Maidan, Parel, at 5-30 p.m. today (Friday). Sjt. Jayaprakash Narayan will speak and Sjt. Asoka Mehta will preside.

K. R. CAMA ORIENTAL INSTITUTE: Mr. A. A. A. Fyzee, Bar-at-Law will speak on "Life of Cadi Nu'man", being the third lecture of the Government Research Fellowship series on "Contributions to the Study of Fatimid Law", today at the Library Hall (1st Floor) of the Institute (136, Apollo Street, Fort) at 6 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "The Earth Chain" is the subject to be taken up today (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

ALL-INDIA MANUFACTURERS' ORGANIZATION: Press Conference at the Taj Mahal Hotel today (Friday) at 5-30 p.m. Sir M. Visvesvaraya will preside.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL KAMGAR SANGH: Urgent Meeting of the Managing Committee will be held tomorrow (Saturday) in the Office of the Sangh at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: Members and recruits of the Bombay National Guards are requested to be present at Azad Maidan at 6-30 p.m. tomorrow (Saturday) to attend the Youths' Organisations.

P. E. N.: Public lecture will be delivered by Dr. C. Kunhan Raja, on "The Contribution of Arts and Letters to International Concord" tomorrow (Saturday) at 6 p.m. at the Government Law College. Mr. Karl J. Khandalawala will preside.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT: Mr. R. K. Vaidya, B.A., LL.B., Advocate, an ex-member of the Bombay Corporation, an educationist and social worker, was admitted as an Advocate (O.S.) at the Bombay High Court on the 20th inst.

SHREE C. V. O. JAIN EDUCATION SOCIETY: Reception to Shri Nanabhai Bhatt, the well-known educationist of Gujerat, today (Friday) at 4 p.m. at the Indian Merchants' Chamber Hall, Lalji Naranji Memorial Building, Opp Churchgate Station.

GOSAPTHAMI MAHOTS A V A: Cow-worship will take place today (Friday) at Santa Cruz, (East) Wankola Bungalow No. 4, from 9 a.m. onwards. A programme of worship, oblations, music will follow.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, 20th November.

In celebration of H.R.H. Princess Elizabeth's wedding, the Governor of Bombay and Lady Colville gave a lunch party. The following were present:— The Hon. Mr. and Mrs. B.G. Kher, The Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, The Hon. Dr. and Mrs. M.D.D. Gilder, The Hon. Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Patil, The Hon. Mr. and Mrs. V. L. Mehta, The Hon. Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, The Hon. Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Patil The Hon. Mr. G. D. Vartak, The Hon. Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Tapase, The Rt. Revd. The Bishop of Bombay, MajorGeneral D. R. Bateman, Sir Ivon Taunton, Mr. and Mrs. G.V. Kitson, Mr. A.P. Sabavala and Mrs. Mithan Lam.

His Excellency and Lady Colville were "At Home" to members of the Consular Corps and their wives.

His Excellency and Lady Colville gave a dance at Government House.

Miss S. Cannon has arrived.

MR. B. G. KHER: Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, will leave for Delhi by plane on Saturday morning (November 22) and return to Bombay on Monday evening (November 24).

LABOUR MINISTER: Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister to the Government of Bombay, leaves for Ahmedabad by air on November 24 and returns to Bombay on November 26.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

FRIDAY, Nov. 21.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Madhavrao Minapsekar (Jaltrang) 8-45 S. V. Phadnis (Bhavgeeten) 9-0 Kamal Sangekar (Ramkali) 22-0 Mahila Mandal 12-45 p.m. News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Mile Jule Gane 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 4-20 Teachers Broadcasts 4-30 Scouting and its Importance Talk in English by K. G. Vaidyanathan 4-45 Excursions far and Near Talk in English by Prof. K. S. Vakil 5-0 Madhavrao Mhapsekar (Jaltarang Wadan) 5-15 Jantar Mantar 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Sonibai Mulgaonkar (Tilang) 6-30 Amritlal Navsariwala (Gujarati Ghazal) 6-45 S. V. Phadnis (Marathi Bhavgeeten) 7-0 Shankerao Mohite (Purvi) 7-30 Adarsha Jeevanchi Shastriya Kalpana Talk in Marathi by Dr. K. S. Mhaskar 7-45 Evening Raag 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Toofan Play in Urdu by Salam Machhlishahri 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-45 Art of Living The Art of Thinking Talk in English 10-0 Shankerrao Mohite (Malkauns) 10-30 Kamal Sangekar (Sawnikalyan).

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Geetmala 5-45 p.m Topics 5-55 Locals 6-15 Rural Listeners

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Commercial 8-0 Amritlal Navsariwalla (Thumri) 8-15 Sonibai Mulgaonkar (Bhavgeet) 9-0 Shankerrao Mohite (Nand) 9-30 Bhavgeet

Weather News For Farmers

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 22-11-47:—Dry weather.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS:— Dry weather will continue.

Alleged Default By Schools Committee Secretary

Corporators Express Indignation At Failure To Submit Report In Time

BOMBAY, Thursday.

With the Municipal elections barely sixty days ahead, the first shots of the pre-election battle were fired today in the Bombay Corporation when opposition benches made a big issue of an alleged default by the Secretary of the Municipal Schools Committee, whose Chairman is Dr. T. R. Narvane of the Congress Party.

The issue arose out of a letter written by the Director of Public Instruction to the Mayor complaining that the Secretary of the Schools Committee had not yet submitted that 1946-47 reports about the working of Municipal schools and this, it was held, had delayed the dispatch to the Government of India of vital statistics regarding educational progress in the province of Bombay.

D.P.I.'S LETTER TO MAYOR

The D.P.I. also conveyed to the Mayor his regrets that no reports had been received "in spite of reminders."

Dr. Narvane moved that a reply which the Schools Committee had drafted to the D.P.I.'s letter be approved by the Corporation.

Mr. M. N. Talpade in a vigorous speech, contended that Miss Khandwala, the Committee Secretary, considered herself "independent" of the Corporation. That a person in such a responsible position should be the cause of inordinate delay in submitting the annual returns brought "discredit" to the Corporation and was unpardonable and inexcusable. "It is a pity we have not the right to dismiss her," he said.

Mr. R. A. Gole moved an amendment that the matter be referred to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee with a request to redraft the Schools Committee's reply to the D.P.I. in a suitable form.

SERIOUS CONDEMNATION

Supporting the amendment, Mr. M. V. Dhonde said that the D.P.I.'s letter was in a way a serious condemnation of a whole system of administration. It was a complaint against a branch of the Municipal Corporation, the import of which they could not ignore lightly.

Saying that the Schools Committee should have taken a "stern" view of its Secretary's default, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta expressed apprehension that the Corporation should have been accused in effect of holding up the work of the Education Department of the Government of Bombay. "You cannot hush this up. You must say, you regret this has happened, Mr. Mehta shouted angrily.

However, he criticised the Director of Public Instruction for having approached the Mayor of Bombay directly as if the Corporation had connived at the Schools' Committee Secretary's default. "The D.P.I.'s method of approach to the whole question is based on utter ignorance," he held.

Mr. Gole's amendment was put to vote and declared lost, while the original resolution was carried.

AGE OF RETIREMENT

The Corporation approved of the Municipal Commissioner's report on the question of raising the age limit for retirement of Municipal employees from 55 to 58. It is gathered that no decision is envisaged in the report. In a short speech, Mr. J. Mehta expressed the view that retirement at 55 should not be forced on Municipal employees who were compelled to retire on small pensions in these hard times. He pointed out that workers' unions were divided on the question, one section holding that the chances of younger aspirants should not be jeopardised.

Assent was also given to the Municipal Commissioner's report showing the quantity of water brought into the city and suburbs from the various lakes for the quarter ending September 30, 1947.

Training In City Municipal Administration

The Director, Local Self-Government Institute, writes:—

With a view to provide persons interested in the study of the Bombay City Municipal Administration, the Local Self-Government Institute has inserted a Seventh Voluntary Paper to L.S.G. Diploma Course. The change will come into effect from 1st January 1948, when the new session of the training classes will commence. These classes are conducted under the joint auspices of the Government of Bombay and the Institute at the Institute's Lecture Hall. Mr. B. K. Patel, I.C.S., the Municipal Commissioner, has been pleased to recommend these Classes in the following words:—

"It is recommended that candidates desirous or entering the service of the Bombay Municipal Corporation as well as persons who are already in the service of the Municipality should attend the Local Self-Government Diploma Classes, conducted by the Local Self-Government Institute under the joint auspices of the Institute and the Government of Bombay."

It appears that those who intend to take employment in the services of the Bombay City Municipality as well as those who are already employed there are likely to receive special recognition if they succeed in obtaining the L.S.G. Diploma which is awarded by the Institute and recognised by the Government of Bombay.

Intending candidates should apply soon to the Director, Local Self-Government Institute, 11 Elphinstone Circle, Fort.

JAYAPRAKASH NARAYAN'S REQUEST TO FELLOW PASSENGER

Private Secretary to Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan writes to say that while travelling from Delhi to Bombay on the 19th and 20th by the Punjab Mail a hold-all belonging to him containing among other things files and papers was by mistake taken away by another passenger and another hold-all was like-wise brought with him. Mr. Jayaprakash would be obliged if the passenger concerned would return the hold-all and take his own back from the place of Mr. Purushottam Trikamdas, at 40, Ridge Road, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

CASA d' ARTE

JANINA DE WITT, the founder of Casa d' Arte of Bombay, has come back to town after a tour in New Delhi, Agra and Benares where she held concerts of Italian music and and she has reopened her classess. she will make her second appearence in public in Bombay at Sunderabai Hall on the 27th instant. She will sing French music of the following authors: Massenet, Bizet, Laparra, Enescu, Alessandrescu and will sing popular folksongs on the occasion of the 60th anniversary of the Cercle Litteraire of Bombay. Sir F. Low will preside.

PODAR STATUE UNVEILED

He Built Up Bombay's Cotton Trade

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Glowing tributes were paid to the memory of Seth Anandilal Bansidhar Podar at the Sir Pherozesha Mehta Gardens this evening, when Mr. M.A. Master, President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industries, unveiled a life size statue of the late business magnate before a very large gathering of prominent citizens.

Amongst those present were the Hon'ble Mr. Soman, the Hon'ble Mr. Patil, Municipal Commissioner, Mr. Patel, Mr. Mirchandani Mr. M. D. Bhatt, Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal, Sir Shantilas Askaran, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mr. K. R. P. Shroff, Sir Ranimtoola Chinoy, Lady Rama Rao, Mr. B. N. Maheshwari, Mr. Hiralal Dave, Raja Bahadur Narayanlal Bansilal Pitlie, Mr. Janubhai Devidas Solicitor, and others.

Mr. Master said that the most unique feature of his munificence was that his contributions to charity, amounting to over Rs. 25 lakhs were of a cosmopolitan nature and without distinction of creed or colour. In the commercial field, along with Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, he built up the cotton trade in Bombay, and placed it on a firm basis.

Seth A. B. Podar died in 1940 at Malad and a Memorial Committee appointed a year later, decided to erect a statue in the Pherozeshah Mehta Gardens. Mr. V. V. Wagh, is the sculptor. It is understood that about Rs. 30,000 has been spent for the erection of the statue, which has been handed over to the Bombay Municipal Corporation for permanent maintenance.

Morarji Desai Inaugurates Co-operative Marketing Conference

BOMBAY, Thursday: "The strength of the country depends on the strength of the co-operative societies", Home Minister Morarji Desai declared, when he inaugurated the Second Provincial Co-operative Marketing Conference this morning at the University Convocation Hall.

Mr. Desai said that without co-operative societies, the country would not be able to establish true democracy. He added that the success of the co-operative movement depended on the united efforts of the people. A spirit of social service among the people, he said, would alone make the movement a success.

The Conference is being held under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Marketing Society. It will conclude tomorrow.

Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture presided over today's session.

Dewan Bahadur Hiralal L. Kaji, President of the B. P. Co-operative Marketing Society welcomed the delegates.

CABARET AND DANCE AT TAJ

The students social circle has arrange the first cabaret and dance at the Taj in aid of the Mayor's Refugees and Evacuees and Relief Fund to be held on Thursday Nov. 27 at 6 p.m. Tickets will be available at the Taj: Rs. 3 for gentlemen and Re. 1 for ladies.

DEAFNESS
Partial or total — complicated with head noises and other troubles—hearing and what causes—cured radically and permanently in four weeks by our safe sure world-wide reputed and tested Herbal home-treatment. Particulars on request.
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In you, You look so downcast with black rings round your eyes, your appetite bad, your movements slow, your feelings depressed. Ah, it is time for a good tonic, and doctors say...Vinkola is best.

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2ND WEEK!
Daily 3-15, 6-15, and 9-15 p.m.

Sun. Morn. Show at 10-30
JIMMY DURANTE in
"YOU'RE IN THE ARMY NOW"
also showing
"CINDERELLA FELLER"
(In Technicolor)

5TH WEEK of CROWDS!
PRAKASH Pictures
Great Mythological
Bhakta DHRUVA
Director: SHANTIKUMAR
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sun. Matinee at 12-45
Booking 9-30 to 12-30 and 3-30 to 6-30
An EVERGREEN Release
Complimentary List Suspended

3RD HOUSE FULL WEEK
Due to heavy rush special arrangements have been made for ladies and families to book tickets from inside
RAJKAMAL'S Rollicking Hit
JEEVAN YATRA
Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30; Sun. Mon. 1-15 p.m.
Plans open 10 to 11-30, 4-30 to 8 p.m.
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The secret of a lovely skin is "skin-health", and you cannot achieve loveliness unless your skin is healthy. It is here that Rexona with its rich, quick-starting lather, medicated with CADYL, is so valuable. This special preparation of antiseptic, soothing, skin-nourishing oils is carried by Rexona's quick lathering foam, deep into the tiny pores of the skin, floating away waste matter, purifying the skin, soothing it and beautifying it. There is not the slightest doubt that skin-health *is* the foundation of skin lovelines, and that Rexona's medicated lather does promote skin beauty.

REXONA FOR MEN: It must not be thought that Rexona is only a soap for women; it is the essential soap for men too. Men take a pride in that look of glowing health which is the gift of a healthy skin. Skin-health is an asset which the healing, antiseptic properties of Cadyl in Rexona will preserve.

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ALL INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 20, (A.P.I.): The following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches and the total rainfall during the past 24 hours from 1st November 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I.S.T.) on 20th November 1947:—

Ahmedabad 88 67 0 0 minus 0.1, Ahmednagar 83 53 0 0.1 minus 0.8, Allahabad 85 55 0 0 minus 0.2, Bangalore 81 60 0 0 minus 2.3, Baroda 92 56 0 0, Belgaum 83 55 minus 1.1, Benares 84 55 0 0 minus 0.2, Bhuj 81 62 0 0 minus 0.1, BOMBAY 91 72 0 0 minus 0.5, Calcutta 87 60 0 0 minus 0.3, Cherrapunji 65 49 0 0 minus 2.0, Colombo 89 74 0.8 3.1 minus 7.3, Cuttack 89 63 0 0 minus 1.4, Darjeeling 55 41 T 0 minus 0.6, Delhi 81 51 0 0 minus 0.1, Gulburga 84 60 0 0.5 minus 0.4, Hyderabad (Dn.) 84 56 0 0 minus 1.0, Karachi 9 69 0 0 minus 0.1, Lahore 82 49 0 0 minus 0.1, Madras 85 70 0 1.2 minus 8.5, Mahableshwar 74 57 0 0.6 minus 0.4, Mangalore 899 75 0 0 minus 2.5, Marmagao 91 73 0 0 minus 1.2, Nagpur 86 57 0 0, Patna 83 57 0 0 minus 0.2, Peshawar 79 47 0 0 0, Poona 86 55 0 0.3 minus 0.7, Rajkot 91 62 0 0 minus 0.2, Ranchi 78 53 0 2.4 plus 1.9, Shillong 63 44 0 0 minus 1.4, Sholapur 87 59 0 0.1 minus 1.0, Simla 56 45 0 0 minus 0.4, Surat 94 65 0 0 minus 0.3.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

A great man is a gift, in some measure a revelation of God. A great man, living for high ends, is the divinest thing that can be seen on earth.

—GEORGE S. HILLARD

The Bombay Chronicle

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

At a tea party given by him to Mr. G. L. Mehta, President of the Tariff Board, Mr. M. A. Master, President of the Federation of the Indian Chambers of Commerce, expressed the view of most businessmen that in the present circumstances the best instrument on which India can rely for the development of her industries is the raising of tariffs. Mr. Mehta, viewing the subject from a wider point of view, as befitted a servant of the public, pertinently pointed out that, while tariffs were necessary, particularly in protecting nascent industries, what hampered industrial production in the country today was not the absence of tariffs but several other factors such as, political uncertainty and the want of harmonious industrial relations between employers and workers. Moreover, there are several other feasible ways of encouraging industries, such as technical aid and research, cheap power and assistance in securing capital goods. And Mr. Mehta also mentioned an equitable system of taxation which would not hamper private initiative and enterprise. So far at any rate there has been ample scope for private initiative and enterprise. And to stimulate production Government will not fail to give all necessary assistance to private enterprise. That is only to be expected from a National Government.

There will be no serious difficulty on account of the international movement to lower tariffs. Mr. C. H. Bhabha, Commerce Minister, who is leading the Indian Delegation to the International Trade and Employment Conference at Havana, has stated that trade agreements for a general reduction of tariffs, consistent with the principle of economic assistance to under-developed countries, have already been concluded. And in fixing tariffs Government may be trusted to bear in mind the interests of industrialists as well as the consumers and the public in general.

What is now necessary is a plan that will equitably adjust the interests of all the parties concerned, agriculturists and industrialists, large-scale and small-scale industries, the employers and the employed. In formulating and carrying out such a plan businessmen can render much help if they approach the problem from the standpoint of public interest. Referring to Government's decision to give an opportunity to "enlightened private enterprise" to give its co-operation in national planning, Mr. Master wanted to know whether this was a real and lasting partnership or "only a contract for service which the State would have the right to determine when it could run the machinery itself". It all depends upon the nature of the co-operation offered and the spirit in which it is offered as well as the objective of national prosperity and happiness we have in view. At every stage the working of the plan will be conceived in the best interests of the public, as determined by the public. That is what is to be expected from a democracy, both political and economic. Let it be clearly understood. The pledges which the Congress has given to the people would be meaningless and the freedom that they have won would be a snare if this plan does not ensure the establishment of a truly economic as well as an authentic political democracy. We are sure that in such a plan there will be full scope for co-operation by "enlightened" private enterprise.

Government And The Press

Legislatures in India have always been rightly distrustful of legislation restricting the freedom of the press. But realising in recent months how some journalists abuse their freedom, with disastrous results, all sections of the Central Assembly whole-heartedly supported Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's Bill to continue certain special powers conferred on the administration in the Chief Commissioners' Provinces for the "better control of the dissemination of undesirable matter". Unpalatable as it is to the press and the public in general, it has got to be accepted by all on account of the lapses of a few. One hopes, however, that Government will have few or no occasions to enforce the new bill. As a matter of fact the provisions of the bill have been in force now under an Ordinance for nearly a year and Sardar Patel has assured us that Government has rarely used them. We have no doubt the Government will always consult the Central Press Advisory Committee before taking any drastic action against the press.

Journalists on their part should exercise extra-ordinary self-restraint in these extra-ordinary times. In past years it was common for Government to harass papers not because they said anything injurious to the people but because they weakened British imperialism. And in consequence it was common and right for the press to attack the Government. But now that there is a national Government, it is the duty of the press to help the Government to maintain peace and order against those who seek to disturb it. The bill, as Sardar Vallabhbhai said, is intended to meet an emergency the like of which India has not seen in the past and there is no province in India today where legislation of this kind is not in existence. We, however, share the Home Minister's hope that "we shall get through the crisis much earlier than the period fixed for this bill".

Frankly Speaking

War Mongering In Excelsis

We had hoped that Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan, the North-West Frontier Province Premier, had been pulled up by his leaders and superiors for his indulgence in wild and irresponsible mischief-making. His latest broadcast has, however, given an exhibition of more amazing irresponsibility than ever before. He has referred to the proposed restoration of the temple of Somnath and invited the Muslim World to see in it proof of hatred for and enmity towards Islam. No answer is necessary to this deliberate mischief except to say that if the temple of Somnath or any other historic temple had been ordered to be restored by the Pakistan authorities, every one—and the opportunist N. W. F. P. Premier would have been the most vociferous and gushing of all—would have hailed it as a great and historic act. As to his effort to incite the people and Government of Afghanistan against India it is such a contemptible insult to intelligence that it can only provoke resentment among the Afghans. The whole statement from the beginning to the end is calculated clearly to promote not peace between India and Pakistan but war. That is where its dangerous character lies. Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan's fire-eating has reached a stage where it becomes necessary for the Government of Pakistan to declare its views about him and his mischief-making.

Crisis In France

The dramatic success of General de Gaulle's "Rally of the People" in the recent municipal elections brought France face to face with the challenge of the extreme Right. This grave development was avoidable. It was not so much because Frenchmen suddenly went "reactionary" as because a reaction against Communist policy and activities became inevitable. The Communists over-reached themselves and the politico-economic situation by making serious trouble at every stage and in every way inside the Chamber and in the country for the Coalition Government after thoughtlessly leaving it. That policy seems to continue. The Socialists and Centre politicians are trying to form a strong Government under M. Blum to meet the double threat from the Right and the Left. If this move succeeds, France may be spared a holocaust. Otherwise, the country is heading towards a veritable Civil War and, considering all factors in the situation, it is a matter of grave doubt, if the Communists would be the party to emerge successfully from it. The result, we fear, would be a serious blow to the Left not only in France but also elsewhere in what is called Western Europe.

Marshall's Challenge

A few days prior to leaving for the Big Four Foreign Ministers Conference in London, the United States Secretary of State, Mr. George Marshall, has made a significant speech on what he proposes to do at the Conference. In effect it is a clear and deliberate challenge to the Soviet Union that if it wants a split, a conflict or even a big show-down, the United States was not only willing but determined to oblige. Diplomatic differences, rivalries, propaganda activities and quarrels in the United Nations are now flaring up into something worse, of which the troubles in France and Italy are only the first and introductory indications. This is the background against which the battle, as now openly proclaimed by Mr. Marshall, will shortly be joined in London. What will it precipitate into and how soon?

NO MIGRATION OF MINORITIES

7 Consembly Leaguers Welcome A. I. C. C. Resolution

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20 (API):—Seven Muslim League members of the Constituent Assembly of India to-day issued a statement welcoming the A. I. C.C.'s resolutions of mass migration of Minorities, their rehabilitation "and the reaffirmation of the faith of the Congress in democratic principles on the basis of which the new secular State will be built."

The statement says: "We are particularly glad to know that the Congress views with disfavour mass migration of non-Muslims from Pakistan and is also opposed to the Muslims of the Indian Dominion migrating to Pakistan except of their own free will. We would like the Muslims to take note of this and not to go out of the country out of panic and fear, because the A.I.C.C. which controls the policy of Government in its resolutions enjoins upon both the Central and Provincial Governments to protect the Minorities and prevent circumstances which compel them to evacuate. The declarations contained in these resolution are most welcome and opportune and we hope that the Governments of both the Dominions will immediately take effective steps to start negotiations for the return and rehabilitation of evacuees and for their future protection and security.

"We realise that on our part, we as citizens of the Indian Dominion have our own responsibilities and obligations, which we will discharge to the best of our ability."

The signatories are Nawab Ismail Khan (U.P.), Begum Aizaz Rasul (U. P.), Mr. Hussain Imam (Bihar), Mr. Naziruddin Ahmad (Bengal), Mr. Aziz Ahmad Khan (U.P.), Mr. Syed Abdur Rouf (Assam) and Haji Essak Saith (Madras).

"FORGET THE PAST"

An Appeal To Citizens Of Indian Union

Mr. Mahomedbhoy I. M. Rowjee writes:—

I heartily congratulate Mahatma Gandhi for expressing an opinion before A.I.C.C. that no Muslim in the Indian Union should feel his life is unsafe. I hope this valuable statement of Mahatmaji will be appreciated and understood in the true colour by all the inhabitants of the Indian Union, whether they are Hindus, Muslims or belong to any other minority community, and all will convince Muslims by their actions that there is no danger to life and property of Muslims in the Indian Union. 'Live and let others live' should be the motto of all the citizens of the Indian Union to achieve peace, contentment and prosperity in our country.

The division of India into the Indian Union and Pakistan is a matter of the past and no useful purpose will be served to argue its pros and cons at this critical juncture, as it will unnecessarily irritate feelings amongst us but suffice it to say that all nationalist Muslims, including myself, never supported the theory to divide India from its very inception, but now we have to face the realities.

It is regrettable that all the sons and daughters of our motherland do not forget their bitter past, and keep on taking revenge on each other. This means that the Indian Union will never be a land of happiness, but it will be full of miseries and discontentments. Therefore, let us join hands like sisters and brothers with a clean slate, forgetting past miseries, tribulations, riots and ill-will against each other and work like true daughters and sons of the soil benevolently for the uplift and welfare of humanity without caring for caste, creed and personal gains. Let us follow the footsteps and esteemed advice of our beloved Mahatmaji to achieve peace, and prosperity.

In conclusion I implore you and beg of you, sisters and brothers of our beloved motherland to unite, be happy and make all happy and feel contented without caring for the misleading or busy-body actions of anyone and pray to God to give us good counsel for enjoying our freedom and dealing fairly with one and all, and thereby creating confidence in our country.

Age Of Industrial Democracy Within Reach Of All

Labour And Capital Can Join Hands For Common Good: Premier Inaugurates Creche And Dispensary At City Mill

BOMBAY, Thursday.

"The Congress Government has already given a pledge that it will do its best to ameliorate the condition of labour and to bring light and cheer into the lives of workers, said Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, performing the inauguration ceremony of a Creche and dispensary of the India United Mills No. 4, Bombay, this evening.

BOON TO BABIES OF WOMEN WORKERS

Speaking first in Marathi and then in English, Mr. Kher said:

"It will be no longer necessary for the women workers of this mill to entrust their babies to neighbours, or sickly relatives or their small children aged five or six. The babies can be brought to the place of work and kept in the Creche, where a trained staff will wash them, clothe them, feed them and look after their comforts while their mothers are at work. Suckling the babies every three hours or so becomes possible as managements have no objection to allowing the women-workers concerned to visit the Creche, which is housed within mill premises, at specified intervals. It is no longer necessary to drug a child with opium and keep it in a state of intoxication until the return of its mother.

"Again the Creche often provides things which the purse of workers cannot afford easily, e.g., milk, fruits, biscuits, hot baths and good clothes for babies. Secondly, young children, say of 2, 4, 6 or even more than 6, are taught cleanliness, given first lessons in literacy under the Montessory system. As the children come under these healthy influences when their minds are impressionable, it is easy to see that when they grow up they would insist on maintaining the same standards in their domestic life. Thirdly, we have about 27,000 women workers in Bombay and they cannot remain unaffected by the hygienic method adopted in the Creche for handling and bringing up babies. The cumulative effect will take a long time to manifest itself but there is no doubt that as a result of constant use of the facilities, women will begin to wonder whether their age-old methods of bringing up their children do not require improvement.

A SOUND INVESTMENT

"Managements should regard babies brought to the Creche as sacred trusts to be returned to their owners with interest in the form of better health. And if you consider the matter further, you will find that, after all, whatever managements spend over Creches is in one sense so much of an investment.

"I must also point out that there are about half a dozen excellent Creches in the textile mills in Bombay which would stand comparison with the best in western countries. I must say in this connection that the Creches in mills No 1 and Nos. 2 and 3 of the India United group come under this category. I must also pay a tribute to Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas who, I understand, is the organising spirit behind this activity and is mainly responsible for the success Creches have achieved in the India United Mills. My earnest desire is that employers should not merely consider whether the provision of a particular amenity is compulsory under the law but they should take into account the fact that, after all, workers are human beings, that they are necessary partners in the enterprise and that in the long run whatever amenities are provided for them will be returned to the employer with dividends in the form of higher production.

A WISE STEP

"The starting of a dispensary equipped with important medicines and up-to-date medical apparatus is an incident of very great importance in the history of your mill. It should, of course, be possible for every ailing worker of this mill to get all medical help from the mill. It is a matter for satisfaction that an overwhelming majority of textile mills in Bombay maintain dispensaries and full-time compounders for the benefit of their work people. I understand, however, that only a very few of the mills have full-time doctors. To-day, I understand that over 50 out of 65 mills in Bombay maintain part-time doctors and ask them to attend to about 2 lakhs of people. The approach of sickness insurance legislation need not hamper the work of existing mill dispensaries. I agree with the Textile Labour Inquiry Committee that there is a strong case not only for the maintenance of the existing mill dispensaries side by side with a scheme of compulsory insurance but also for an improvement in the present standards and for the establishment of dispensaries in all those mills which have not got them at present.

TRIBUTE TO LABOUR MINISTER

"The Congress Government has already given a pledge that it will do its best to ameliorate the condition of labour and to bring light and cheer into the lives of workers. As an earnest of its desire, a separate Ministry of Labour was created and entrusted to Shriyut Gulzarilal Nanda. Shriyut Nanda, with his characteristic thoroughness and enthusiasm, has prepared several post-war reconstruction schemes for the benefit of labour as a part of the Government's Five-Year Plan. While some of them have already been taken in hand, others will be executed shortly.

"Among the schemes that will benefit workers in the near future are the construction of a swimming pool at Worli, three anti-tuberculosis sanatoria, periodic medical examination of workers, holiday homes and convalescent homes for industrial workers.

"My advice to employers is that the era of industrial democracy has already been ushered in and it would be idle for any one to pretend ignorance of the signs of the times."

BOMBAY GOVT.'S Rs. 7 1/2 CRORE HOUSING SCHEME

125,000 Tenements To Be Built In 5 Years: Rs. 50 Lakhs To Aid Co-operative Housing

The Government of Bombay has generally approved the recommendations of the Provincial Housing Advisory Committee in respect of the fixing for all the industrial towns in the Province, of a target of 125,000 tenements to be completed in five years, the target including tenements constructed by all agencies—Government, Government-aided and private enterprise—and has sanctioned, subject to certain conditions, the programme of constructing 15,000 tenements by the Government, in a period of five years at a cost of Rs. 7½ crores.

CENTRE'S HELP

The programme assumes a contribution of Rs. 2½ crores from the Central Government and an equal amount from the employers by the imposition of levy and the Provincial Government.

The housing programme of the Bombay Provincial Housing Board contemplates that the Government will provide land or financial aid to the extent of the cost of land for all houses constructed by the Local Bodies during the period of five years, provided that this concession will not apply to the accommodation required by the employees of the Local Bodies. A sum of Rs. 50 lakhs is proposed to be earmarked for this concession. The Government has accepted this recommendation, subject to the condition that individual cases in which it is proposed to provide free land to the Local Bodies or to give them financial assistance equal to the value of the land, should receive the prior approval of the Government.

LOAN TERMS

The terms on which loans are proposed to be given to employers have been accepted. The proposal to earmark an amount of Rs. 1 crore for loans to employers during the five year period has also been accepted.

Co-operative Housing Societies constructing tenements consisting of two living rooms and a kitchen (with other amenities) or of a lesser size can be granted loans at 3 per cent. or ½ per cent. less than the Government borrowing rate, whichever is higher.

These loans may be to the extent of 75 per cent. of the value of the land and buildings in the case of Tenant Co-partnership Societies, and to the extent of 60 per cent. in the case of other Societies.

Co-operative Housing Societies constructing tenements of higher standards than those stated above might be given loans to the extent of 50 per cent. of the value of the land and buildings at the rate of ½ per cent. above the Bank rate provided the Bank rate is not lower than the rate at which the Government has itself borrowed on the last occasion before giving loans.

The period of repayment of loans to the Co-operative Housing Societies will be 25 years.

The proposal to earmark a sum of Rs. 50 lakhs for the grant of loans to the Co-operative Housing Societies has been accepted by the Government.

Persons undertaking construction of tenements of approved design and layout, conforming to the standards of construction on plots leased from the Government in areas to be developed by the Government might be given assistance in the form of loans on the same terms as Co-operative Housing Societies constructing tenements of higher standards.

All-Out Effort To End City Dock Strike

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Frantic efforts are being made on all sides to resolve the deadlock in arriving at a settlement in the dock labourers strike which has lasted for nearly a week now, paralysing all activity in the port.

Mr. V. S. Bhide, Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust and Mr. D. G. Jadhav, Regional Labour Commissioner (Central) called on the Labour Minister Mr. Nanda this morning at the Secretariat and acquainted him with the previous history and details of the Bombay Dock Workers' strike. In the course of the discussion, the Port Trust officials placed before the Minister the various difficulties coming in the way of their accepting the demands of the workers.

In the afternoon, representatives of the workers headed by Mr. G. H. Kale, Vice-President of the Dock Workers' Union met Minister Nanda and explained to him their point of view. The Minister gave them a patient hearing and impressed upon them the desirability of settling the dispute immediately in the public interest. The representatives of workers, on their part, expressed their readiness to arrive at a reasonable settlement without loss of time.

The suggestions made by the workers' representatives were noted and Minister Nanda promised to discuss them with the Port Trust authorities tomorrow.

New Bombay Port Trust Tollywalla Association

Mr. N. H. Hebbar, President, New Bombay Port Trust Tollywala Association, writes:—

On behalf of the above Association I beg to request you to publish the following matter in your paper as it relates to the present strike in the Docks and as our Association is concerned with the same.

"Tollywallas are the contractors of Labour in the Bombay Dock and this system is prevailing during the last 35 years. Tollywallas get wages per ton from the Port Trust authorities and they in turn distribute wages to the labourers. The Port authorities always fix the tonnage rate on the calculation of the wages paid by the Tollywallas to their labourers. With a view to enhance the wages of the labourers our Association has been agitating with the Port Trust authorities and the negotiations are going on at present.

The contention of the Labour Union ought to be for the enhancement of their wages. But surprising thing is that their leaders have made the Tollywallas as the target of their agitation and their first demand is to abolish the Tollywalla system. But in the same breath they want to displace the present Tollywallas by Mhorpyas and special Mukadams. So the object of the Union leaders is to get their own nominees appointed.

Tollywallas are not against the interest of the labourer working under them. If the Port Trust pays more per tonnage then in turn Tollywallas will also be able to pay more.

Even though propaganda is carried on against the Tollywallas, Tollywallas have kept quiet and have placed all the facts before the authorities concerned. But it is regrettable that since yesterday some of the Tollywallas have been assaulted and injured.

The labourer in the Docks was formerly getting Rs. 2 per day and from 1st day of November to put an end to the whole trouble the Tollywallas have been paying at the rate of Rs. 2-8-0 per day to each labourer from 1st of November 1947 on the promise by the Port Trust authorities that they would enhance the rates per ton proportionately".

BOMB THROWN IN RAJKOT

Trouble With Junagadh Provisional Govt. Car

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Nov. 20

The situation at Rajkot suddenly worsened yesterday forenoon when complete hartal was declared to mark the people's protest against the insult to Mochivad residents by some police sepoys.

Hooligans surrounded Kathiawar Political Conference Secretary Mr. Uchhrangrai Dhebar's car while he was returning home from the Stock Exchange after appealing for funds to relieve distress of poor shop-keepers whose shops were looted. Mr. Dhebar's car was damaged by hooligans who compelled him to trudge home on foot, followed by unruly mob.

Rowdies next hurled stones at Hindu Sabha leader Narayandas Paun, who was addressing a meeting.

Meanwhile the mob mustered strong and smashed the Junagadh Provisional Government car carrying records and cash for safe keeping to Mr. Dhebar's residence. In self-defence the inmate of the car fired shots. Three hooligans were injured and removed to West hospital where they were progressing favourably.

A crude bomb was thrown on a crowd by a chauffeur. Seven persons received injuries when the bomb exploded.

Curfew and Section 144 of Criminal Procedure Code were extended for one week.

AWAITING COURT MARTIAL

Major Hooper Brought To Jubbulpore

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 20

Apropos the seizure of unauthorised wireless transmitter and receiver sets by the C.I.D. Police in Jubbulpore from Special Armed Constabulary's spare room, Major G. M. Hooper of the Royal Signal Corps, whose services were lent to the Special Armed Constabulary for establishing wireless grid in the Central Provinces and who was arrested in Bombay in September last, a week before he was to sail for England was brought to the City Kotwali under military escort. Major Hooper at present is under open arrest and awaiting court-martial on alleged charge of smuggling unauthorised firearms and ammunition.

Interviewed, D. V. Rege, I.C.S., Commissioner, Jubbulpore Division, pointed out that the Police recovered and seized seven and not eight wireless transmitter and receiver sets.

He however added that no arrest hitherto was made by the Police in this connection and the report regarding the arrest of a person while transmitting message outside the Indian Dominion is incorrect and is based on wrong information given to the Press by persons concerned.

TRIBESMEN MUST ENTER PAKISTAN ARMY

Frontier Premier's View

PESHAWAR, Nov. 20 (UPI): A suggestion that the independent tribesmen should be employed in the Pakistan army in as large number as possible, was made by Khan Abdul Qayum Khan, Premier of the Frontier Province, addressing a press conference to-day.

He said that it was a matter of great pleasure that the tribesmen had, for the first time in the history, started acting in collaboration with the Frontier Pathans. Nevertheless, the Frontier Premier added, they still lacked discipline for the inculcation of which, it was necessary that they should be absorbed in the army.

Khan Abdul Qayum Khan revealed that he had already taken this matter with the Pakistan Central Government.

'GOOD AUGURY'

Characterising the accession of the neighbouring States like Dir, Swat and Chitral into Pakistan, and the readiness of the tribesmen to enter into mutual agreements, as "a good augury", the Frontier Premier said that these tribesmen were their blood-brothers and entitled for equal and fair treatment at their hands. "So far as possible, we would try to allay their day-to-day difficulties with regard to matters like foodstuffs, cloth, medicines, etc.," he observed.

The Premier proceeding announced the reorganisation of the system of disposal of valuables and property belonging to non-Muslims who had left the province, on a provincial basis. Col. Cox, Revenue Commissioner, N.W.F.P. has been entrusted with this work and Maj. Yusuf has been appointed as the Provincial Custodian of the evacuees' property. These officers will be looking after the rehabilitation of the Muslim refugees also.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

SINGAPORE, Nov. 19. Mr. Inche Sardon Bin Haji Zubir, President of the Malaya Union in Singapore, said today that Malaya was considering an appeal to the United Nations over the deportation from Australia of 14 Malayan seamen who had married Australian girls. A mass meeting has been called by representatives of 40 Malay bodies in Singapore as a statement was awaited from the Australian Government giving reasons for the expulsion, which Mr. Arthur Calwell, Australian Immigration Minister, said were under Australia's "Europeans Only" immigration policy.

—Reuter.

* * *

The Frontier Province Premier, Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan, has declared quite truthfully that the Muslims of the N.W.F.P. have full sympathy with the Azad Kashmir Government and with the Muslims of Kashmir whom that Government represents.

And, of course, its Tribal Army.

* * *

The Muslim nation said, Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan, was passing through a crisis.

Any "nation" with Abdul Qaiyum's at its unfortunate head is bound to.

* * *

Congressman Emanuel Celler, United States Citizen and Palestine Jewish Patriot, says: "It is difficult to disregard the fact that the aims and aspirations of the Zionists are quite similar to the aims and aspirations of the present Indian Government".

It really deserves not to be disregarded because it is not a "fact" but a slander.

* * *

Agreement has been arrived at among the Partitionists over the internationalisation of Jerusalem and "the Governor of the city will be elected for its special qualifications without regard to nationality, but may not be a citizen of Palestine".

For instance, U.S. Citizen Rabbi Silver. Or Mr. Emanuel Celler.

* * *

Informed quarters in London point out that the Partitionists' plan for Palestine has avoided the fundamental problem of how to implement partition against armed opposition or in the event of disorder.

Quite true. But they can't be expected to face everything. It isn't fair.

* * *

The Soviet delegate has warned the U.N. General Assembly that any further discussion of the Big Power "Veto" would "only bring harmful results to all".

In fact, eventually even an atomic explosion.

* * *

In a recent speech Mr. George Marshall accused Russia of brazen propaganda and said it was "time to call a halt to such inflammatory practices".

A large number of Republicans and Democrats under Senator Taft are however, responding by calling a halt to Mr. Marshall's own "inflationary" Plan.

Our Readers' Views

No Political Body For Parsis

Sir,—I have received from one of the associations to which I belong a request signed by the Hon. Secretary that I should join the Parsi Central Association and Political League. This request is the outcome of a decision arrived at a meeting of representatives of various Parsi organisations called on 19th October 1947. Nothing can be so unfortunate or ill advised as this move on the part of some of our Parsi friends at a time in the history of our country when we are undergoing the pangs of birth and suffering so terribly from the consequences of the agitation carried on by bodies like the Hindu Mahasabha and the Muslim League. In almost all provinces of Hindustan there has been a growing sentiment for the dissolution of the Muslim League. It is felt that in the constitution of a secular state such as the leaders of Hindustan are thinking of there will be no room for organising parties on religious or communal lines. We must have in our country parties formed on definite social and economic objectives and policies. To contemplate a Political League for the defence of Parsi interests as such is to ignore the lessons of the past and invite trouble, if not the hostility and estrangement of other communities. Will you, therefore, raise your voice and warn our Parsi friends who are so keen on stressing communal distinctions when we ought to forget them?—Yours, etc.

P. A. WADIA.

Nov 20th.
Hormand Villa.
Bombay 26.

The National Language

Sir,—Now the Urdu language is spoken, written or read by a substantial numerical minority of Muslims that will for ever form part of the newly born Indian nation. Exclusive adoption of Hindi as the National Language will be tolerated by the Muslims if the result is to be by votes in the Constituent Assembly, but like the mischievous effect that the separate electorates did on the inhabitants of India, it will make the gulf wider and wider between the two communities. If Hindus and Muslims are to unite politically, culturally and socially let them look at Hindustani as their National Language. That way lies the gradual emergence of a true Indian who will be first and last taking pride in the promising destiny and progress of all citizens of India —Yours, etc.

M. P. SIKANDAR.

Bombay.

Conserving India's Foreign Exchange

Central Assembly Passes Bill To Check Smuggling In Of Bullion

SARDAR PATEL'S ASSURANCE TO COORG IN REGARD TO CONTROL OVER PRESS

NEW DELHI, November 20.

The Indian Legislature today passed the Deputy Prime Minister's bill to continue certain special powers conferred on the administration in Chief Commissioners' Provinces for the better control of the dissemination of undesirable matter. Sardar Patel accepted Mr. K. Santhanam's amendment limiting the operation of the powers to December 31, 1947.

ASSURANCE TO COORG

Mr. Ponacha from Coorg withdrew his amendment seeking to exclude Coorg from the operation of the bill, on the score that the emergency conditions which obtained in other parts of the country did not exist in Coorg.

Sardar Patel said that it was a matter of satisfaction for everyone that conditions were peaceful in Coorg. He assured Mr. Ponacha that so long these conditions remained, the provisions of the bill would not be enforced in Coorg.

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed sought to insert the words "Dominion Government" wherever "His Majesty's Government" occurred in the bill but withdrew it after the Deputy Prime Minister pointed out it was a mere matter of formality necessitated by the fact that India was still a Dominion.

BATTLE OVER "BRITISH INDIA"

Strong objection to the use of the legal terminology "British India" was voiced by several members when the Finance Minister Mr. R. K. Shanmukham Chetty moved the bill to amend the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947.

Explaining the need for the amending bill, Mr. Chetty said that the price of gold in India was very much higher than the world price and the Indian market had a great attraction for the import of Bullion. Such imports naturally created great exchange difficulties. To conserve our foreign exchange reserves the Reserve Bank of India prohibited the import of bullion into India.

Notwithstanding this ban, it was discovered that our purpose was defeated where an adjoining territory imported bullion and ultimately it was smuggled into India. The foreign exchange required to buy this gold was found by the smuggling out of goods from India. Such a state of affairs was against the economic interests of India.

It was found necessary to extend the ban applicable to bullion brought into a port or place in India but intended to be taken elsewhere without being removed from the ship or conveyance in which it was carried.

Referring to an amendment of which notice had been given by Mr. K. Santhanam for the deletion of the word "British" where "British India" occurred in the bill, the Finance Minister said that legal experts had expressed difficulty in accepting the amendment. Under the adaption of the existing Indian laws "British India" was defined as all the Provinces of India. The bill was designed to give retrospective effect to its provisions and the original Act which was now being amended used the phraseology "British India". He thought it was necessary to keep the same terminology.

The Law Minister Dr. Ambedkar explained that under the adaptation order British India was defined as all the Provinces of India. They both meant one and the same thing. In choosing the alternative they had to determine on the phraseology, which was used in the main Act, of which the present one was an amendment. To retain the words British India would be more intelligible. He thought Mr. Santanam's amendment was purely on sentimental grounds, but there was need to maintain uniformity in the Act.

Mr. Santanam said his object was to effectively check smuggling. Bullion was imported not only in British Indian ports but in ports in Indian States, which had acceded to the Indian Union.

RULED OUT

The Speaker Mr. Mavlanker thought the amendment was not in order because notice of it had been received only this morning. Apart from any technical objection, he did not know whether it would be proper on his part to raise any difficulties on the competency of the House to legislate for States.

He hoped the Ministry concerned and the Legal Department would examine the matter and do whatever was necessary to safeguard the legal and financial interests.

Mr. B. Das urged that Government should take more effective measure to prevent the smuggling in of gold from Indian States and from certain foreign possessions in India.

Mr. Biswanath Das said that without meaning anything otherwise the expression British India should be deleted from the bill. He suggested the withdrawal of the present bill and the introduction of an appropriately worded measure.

Prof. K. T. Shah asked whether it would be in order to pass any legislation regarding import of bullion not intended for this country.

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar said that India consisted not only of the Provinces, but of the acceding States as well. He recalled how the Prime Minister Pt. Nehru accepted a similar amendment in his bill regarding the United Nations yesterday. If necessary he would ask the original Act itself to be suitably amended.

PRAKASAM'S PLEA

Mr. T. Prakasam said that after August 15 the status of the Reserve Bank had changed and they must have a new Bank functioning. He said that India is no longer British India. The independence of India had been recognised and the British Parliament had no further responsibility for the governance of India. The provisions of the Independence Act were advisory and not mandatory. He, therefore, urged for the deletion of the words "British India" from the text of the bill.

Mr. Rohini Kumar Chaudhury asked for an assurance that the Finance Minister would agree to the deletion of 'British India' from the bill.

GENESIS OF BILL

Mr. Shankmukham Chetty giving a gensis of the bill said that sometime ago when Karachi was part of India a company in an Indian State imported 20,000 tolas of gold in a specially chartered plane bound for the State.

During the flight the plane touched Karachi and the authorities applied the provisions of the Foreign Exchange Regulations Act and confiscated the gold notwithstanding the fact the bullion was consigned to an Indian State. The State in question has challenged our action and Stated that they were taking the matter to the Supreme Court. With a view to avoiding any legal complications and to prevent any such contingencies in the future it was decided to amend the Act so that any gold which came to India on the way to an adjoining territory came within the provisions of the Act.

He agreed that members had rightly protested against the use of the word "British India", and in fact he had also objected to it when the draft was presented to him. But the legal authorities ruled otherwise. They were of the view that since the bill was intended to amend the original Act for the sake of consistency and uniformity, it would be appropriate to have the same term. It was not the intention of the Ministry of Finance to make an Independent India a British possession. (laughter). He had no doubt that since the matter had been raised, the Ministry of Law would examine the point so that this offending expression might be avoided in future legislation.

STATES LEFT OUT

On the question of extending the provisions of the act to Indian States, the Finance Minister said that legal experts had advised that he could not do so.

In spite of its sovereign character it could not legislate for the Indian States except when provided for and subject to the limitations contained in the Instrument of Accession.

Even the Stanstill Agreement between the States and the Dominion Government, the Finance Minister said, had made no provision for the application of our exchange laws or import and export regulations. The States Ministry had taken up the matter and he had no doubt that the States would fall in line with the rest of India.

The Finance Minister did not agree with the contention of Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyengar that import of bullion should be encouraged so that the gold holdings of the Reserve Bank could be increased. The gold with the Reserve Bank which was a monetary reserve had no relation to private holdings. The market price of gold in India was so high and the public demand so great that there was absolutely no chance for the Reserve Bank to acquire bullion. The only manner in which monetary gold could be increased was by our getting a favourable balance of trade.

The house passed the bill.

DELHI PREMISES

The House referred to a Select Committee two bills sponsored by the Minister for Works, Mr. N. V. Gadgil. The first bill extends the powers conferred on Government for requisitioning and evicting from Government premises persons continuing to occupy these premises without authority by incorporating in it the provisions of the Delhi Premises Requisition and Eviction Ordinance 1947.

The second bill seeks to continue in force certain amendments to the Delhi and Ajmer-Merwara Rent Control Act 1947.

The House passed a bill to amend the Indian Patents and Designs (Extension of Time) Act moved by Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee

INDUSTRIAL FINANCE CORPORATION

The Finance Minister Mr. R. K. Shanmukham Chetty then moved for reference to a Select Committee the bill to establish an Industrial Finance Corporation or India.

The Finance Member explained that the measure had been pending for some time in the hands of Government and said the Corporation would provide medium and long-term credit for capital requirements of industry which fell normally outside the activities of commercial banks. Similar corporations had been already set up in many countries of the world and had begun to do useful work.

The bill he explained was not intended to meet the requirements of basic and nationalised industries but only to provide financial assistance to meet to the needs of private industries.

SHAREHOLDERS

The main features of the bill are the setting up a Corporation with a share capital of five crores of rupees to be held by the Central Government, the Reserve Bank, Scheduled Banks and Insurance Companies, Investment Trusts and other like financial institutions. There will be no private holding of shares. Shares of the Corporation would be guaranteed by the Central Government as to the repayment of principal and the payment of interest not exceeding 2-1/2 per cent per annum. The Corporation would be authorised to make long-term loans to industrial undertakings, repayable within a period not exceeding 25 years.

Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari, Mr. B. Das and Dr. Pattabhi Seetharamayya welcomed the measure.

Dr. Pattabhi was still speaking when discussion on the bill was suspended to enable Dr. John Mathai to present the Railway Budget.

INDIAN TROOPS STILL IN PAKISTAN

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20, (A.P.I.): There are 29 Indian Army units in Pakistan still to be moved back to India.

These consist of three Artillery regiments, four Engineer units, three Signal units, five Infantry battalions, five Royal Indian Army Service Corps, one medical unit I.E.M.E. units, one Ordnance unit and one Air Liason unit.

Two Artillery regiments and five infantry battalions have been specifically retained in Pakistan for the protection of non-Muslim evacuees.

The Defence Member informed Pt. Hridayanath Kunzru in the Assembly that every effort was being made to bring out these units as early as possible.

Britishers In Defence Forces

The Defence Member replied in the affirmative to Pt. Kunzru's question whether Government had decided to continue to employ British officers in the Indian Defence forces after 1st January, 1948.

The Defence Member agreed that there was a shortage of Indian technical officers in the Indian Defence Forces and said Government were taking steps to remedy this shortage.

PAKISTAN'S BID TO HAVE RAILWAYS AT SCRAP VALUE

(Continued from Page 1)

agreed to do the necessary work for us. Similarly, we agreed to do the work for them for the Bengal Assam Railway in the Kanchrapara workshops.

This arrangement on the whole, the Transport Minister regretted to say worked unsatisfactorily We had been hardly able to get any work done for the Eastern Punjab Railway at the Moghulpura workshop He did not want to blame anybody. There had been disturbances. The result was that it became necessary for us to make demands on other railways in India for the necessary workshops services. There were similar difficulties in regard to the Assam Bengal Railway. It was Government's intention at an early date to set up a separate workshop for the Assam Bengal Railway.

On the question of assets and liabilities, the Transport Minister said that in regard to fixed assets and movable assets, they had to determine the share which fell to the size of the railways. Having done that, the physical distribution should proceed. But there had been certain amount of difficulty. In respect of the Bengal Assam Railway it had not been possible to effect any such distribution of the assets. What had happened was that in the Boundary Commission's award certain sections of the Pakistan railway had been seceded to us. The working arrangements that had already been made were made with reference to the notional division. With the award of the Boundary Commission our original arrangement required to be revised. It was not till the eighth of November certain section of the Railways which ought to have come to us earlier came to us. Dr. Matthai however pointed out that practically no financial risk was involved in this. The tariff which passed from Calcutta northward or that passed southward to Assam had been collected and a considerable part of this amount was due to Pakistan.

ASSETS AND LIAIBILITIES

Regarding the movable assets comprising railway stocks, engineering stocks, etc., the determination of shares falling to each side was done under the notional division. The physical distribution, however, should be based on the award of the Boundary Commission. The preliminary work in this regard had now been completed.

On the main issue of division of liabilities—capital liabilities—certain assets had come to us and certain others had gone to Pakistan. What exactly the liability should be, remained to be determined. Unfortunately, no agreement had been reached on this point and the matter was being referred to the arbitral tribunal for a final decision.

The Government of India's position was that in apportioning liabilities the correct basis for a division would be the book value, less depreciation charges. Representatives of Pakistan had taken the line that it was not on the book value on the earning capacity of the Railways. It so happened that the two Railways substantial parts of which had gone over to Pakistan, N. W. Railway and B. A. Railway, had been the least profitable railways. If the earning capacity of the Railways were to be taken as the basis of capital liability, the Railways would be a considerable loss.

'STRATEGIC RAILWAYS'

The Transport Minister went on to say that the Pakistan Government had made another suggestion and that was that with regard to 'strategic' railways which remained within their area, the liability would be divided between Pakistan and India in a proportion suggested by them which touched greater part of the liability.

Dr. Matthai explained that on the basis of the division suggested by India, the capital liability would be somewhat as follows:

India—Rs. 660 crores. Pakistan approximately Rs. 150 crores, making a total of Rs. 810 crores.

If the principle enunciated by Pakistan were accepted, the position would be:

India's capital liability—757 crores and Pakistan's share Rs. 53 crores. If the decision was on the principle suggested by Pakistan and they were able to get 7,000 miles of Indian railway assigned to them, in his opinion, they would have got it at practically scrap value.

BHOPATKAR'S CHALLENGE

'Hands Off' Hindu Sabha And Allied Organisations Demanded

POONA, Nov. 20. (API): The assertion that the Hindu Mahasabha though communal in denomination had always advocated nationalism, democracy and a fair deal to all communities is made in a statement by Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar the President of the AllaIndia Hindu Mahasabha.

Mr. Bhopatkar strongly protests against the policy of the Indian National Congress which, he says, is in alliance with the Nationalist Muslims "to incite the Provincial Governments to suppress and even to and the Akali Party as also Rashtriya Swayam Sewak Sangh and the Akali Volunteers"

The Mahasabha President challenges anyone to point out a single annihilate the Hindu Mahasabha instance in which his organisation has made any communal demand or advocated anything but the principles of nationalism and democracy and says "it is really astounding that the Congress which stands condemned at the bar of public opinion for having followed a communal policy culminating in the grant of Pakistan and all its aftermath should unblushingly charge the Mahasabha as being opposed to national interest".

Concluding Mr. Bhopatkar says: I may warn the Hindus that if the Congress through its creatures, the Provincial Governments, were permitted to lay violent hands on any of the aforesaid organisations the time will not be far distant when the Hindus and Sikhs in the Hindusthan Union will have to share the same fate as their co-religionists did in Pakistan".

HINDU SABHA WORKERS' CONVENTION IN BOMBAY

SURAT, Nov. 20 (API): A convention of Hindu Mahasabha workers from All Indian States will meet at Dadar on 29th and 30th November. Mr. V. D. Savarkar will preside.

A meeting of the All-India States Hindu Mahasabha Working Committee will also meet at Dadar on the same date.

CHARGES FRAMED AGAINST KHANNA

PESHAWAR, Nov. 20 (UPI): The case against Mr. Mehrchand Khanna, Secretary of the Khudai Khidmatgar Parliamentary Party and former Finance Minister of the Frontier Province came up this morning before the City Magistrate. After framing charges against Mr. Khanna under Section 20 of the arms Act, the case was adjourned for tomorrow. Mr. Frank Anthony, Mr. Khanna's Counsel, could not arrive from Delhi in time.

Crowds Mob Buckingham Palace After Royal Wedding

(Continued from Page 1.)

out of the coach. She paused for a moment and looked up at the great Abbey. Then she walked with her hand on her father's arm slowly inside.

BRIDEGROOM IN HIGH SPIRITS

The bridegroom was in the highest spirits when he and the best man, the Marquis of Milford Haven, left Kensington Palace for the Abbey.

A fanfare of trumpets heralded the start of the bride's procession down the aisle.

Slowly, the procession advanced down the nave with choristers of the Royal Chapel singing as they preceded the bride, her pages and bridesmaids. As the Princess reached the foot of the altar stairs, Philip stepped forward to join her and the Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of all England, stood before them.

The interior of the Abbey had been transformed, its customary quiet gloom changed into a bustling blaze of light and colour.

The order of service was the standard of ritual of the Church of England prayer book, in simple but beautiful language of more than three centuries ago, and a note of impressive solemnity charged the Archbishop's voice as he called on the couple 'as I shall answer at the dreadful Day of Judgment" to disclose whether they knew of any impediment to their marriage.

WILT THOU?.....I WILL!

Then the Archbishop, addressing the bridegroom simply as "Philip", questioned him: "Wilt thou love her, comfort her....and, forsaking others, keep thee only unto her?"

Philip replied with a firm: "I will"

Turning to the Princess, the Archbishop addressed her as "Elizabeth Alexandra Mary" and spoke the questions: "Wilt thou have this man.... wilt thou obey him and serve him, love, honour and keep him, in sickness and in health....".

Quietly the Princess replied: "I will".

Taking the wedding ring of white Welsh gold from the Archbishop, the Duke placed it on the third finger of Elizabeth's left hand repeating after the Archbishop, the vows that generations of English-speaking husbands have made: "With this ring I thee wed, with all my bodly I thee worship and with all my worldly goods I thee endow".

Finally at 11-45 a.m. G.M.T. (5-15 p.m. I.S.T.), the Archbishop completed the union by declaring: "I pronounce that they be man and wife together", and gave the blessing.

The address by the Archbishop of York followed.

FANFARE

After the final blessing, a fanfare was sounded, the congregation sand the National Anthem and the Royal Couple, with the King, Queen and Princess Margaret, withdrew into the Chapel of Edward the Confessor to sign the marriage register.

As the couple walked back under the organ screen, Princess Elizabeth took her husband's arm and, to a fanfare of trumpets and Mendelssohn's Wedding March, the bridal procession moved down the aisle to the west door of the Abbey.

WEDDING BELLS

Bells pealed as the Princess and her husband stepped out of the Abbey arm in arm. Cheer after cheer rang out from the crowds.

The bride stepped carefully into the coach. Her white train was folded behind her and the bridegroom stepped in beside her.

Smiling happily, the Princess waved and the Duke saluted as they drove back side by side to Buckingham Palace through the thronged streets. This time they were in the glass coach with a Captain's escort of colourful household cavalry.

CROWDS BREAK THROUGH POLICE CORDON

When the last of the guests had returned from the Abbey, milling crowds broke through the police cordon round Buckingham Palace and surged into the forecourt, despite all efforts of police and troops to hold them back. Reinforcements of mounted police were called in but they appeared powerless to do anything.

People climbed lampstands, railings, statues and even trees. The British Broadcasting Corporation had to keep a strong bodyguard around their television and radio vans which were in danger of being overturned.

At 13-31 a.m. G.M.T. (7-01 p.m. I. S.T.) the bride and bridegroom appeared on the balcony of Buckingham Palace, waving to the crowds in the forecourt and outside the gates, where police, troops and people were wedged together in a solid, immovable mass.

ON THE PALACE BALCONY

Princess Elizabeth and her husband, followed by the King and Queen, Queen Mary and Princess Margaret, remained together on the Palace balcony for 6 minutes while the crowds cheered loudly. The newly-weds stayed another four minutes waving and smiling. They turned to go inside, but hesitated as if reluctant to leave the cheering crowds, and faced them again before finally going in.

FIVE KINGS & SIX QUEENS DRINK THEIR HEALTH

Five Kings and six Queens were among the guests at the Royal breakfast. They drank the health of the bride and bridegroom in champagne from the Royal cellars.

SPLASH OF COLOUR

Age-old fashions of India, Burma and China, and rich silk dresses from the Orient, made a vivid splash of colour in the dull November weather as Royal and Diplomatic guests from all over the world arrived at Westminster Abbey for the wedding of Princess Elizabeth to the Duke of Edinburgh today.

Princess Elizabeth was not the only woman in a wedding dress on this great day. The Begum Rahimtoola, in a lemon coloured sari, embroidered in gold by Muslim master craftsmen in Bombay, was wearing the very dress she wore at her wedding 13 years ago.

Her husband, High Commissioner for Pakistan, Mr. Habib Rahimtoola, was in 'achkan' and 'chuddar pyjama'. So was the High Commissioner for India, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, who was in the black he wears on all official occasions.

The only one of King George's four India 'aides-de-camp' present was the Maharao Raja Sir Ishwar Singh of Bundi (Rajputana) who wore an 'achkan' of Benares silk and old French gold brocade, richly embroidered with flowers over tight fitting breeches in plain silk. Down his back floated the traditional Rajput 'safa' in red, green and gold.

The Chinese Ambassador, Dr. Cheng Tien-Hsi, was also in morning dress. Madame Cheng appeared in Chinese dress-cream brocade embroidered with multi-coloured birds of happiness.

The President-elect of Burma, Sao Shue Thaik, Sawbwa of Yaunghwe, attended the ceremony with his wife, the Mahadevi. The High Commissioner for Burma in London, Sir Maung Gyee, was there in morning dress with his wife who wore Burmese jacket and long skirt in variegated silk.

WOMEN PREDOMINATE IN CROWDS

Long before Princess Elizabeth was awakened on her Wedding Morn, streams of people converged on Buckingham Palace. A drizzling rain which had fallen during most of the night ceased some time before 7 a.m. and crowds hurried through the wet streets to secure vantage points as near to the Palace as they could.

Women predominated in the crowds, which had begun to assemble early last night and by midnight there were few gaps on the route.

WORLD GREETS ROYAL WEDDING

People throughout the world greeted the wedding of Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh today as a "fairy tale romance".

From countries of the British Commonwealth, from world capitals and from small towns and villages, thousands of words of good wishes to the Royal Couple poured along the cable networks.

BR. PRESS & ROYAL WEDDING

British newspapers today turned from shortages, political disputes and threats of war and devoted their leading articles—as well as a big proportion of their strictly rationed space—to the Royal Wedding.

Most of them drew attention to the place the Royal Family hold in the hearts of the people throughout the Commonwealth and their importance in the Constitution.

MENTAL PATIENTS' ESCAPADE

LONDON, Nov. 20 (Reuter): Early today, detectives and military police were searching the Royal Wedding crowds in London for dangerous mental patients who escaped last night from Queen Alexanda's Military Hospital, Millbank, a few hundred yards from Westminster Abbey.

The men who had their left arms in plaster, were wearing hospital blue, but had no overcoats or hats when they escaped.

The two men were caught later in the City and handed over to a military escort.

BOMBAY MAYOR GREETS PRINCESS

BOMBAY, Thursday:

The Mayor of Bombay today sent the following telegram to Princess Elizabeth: "On behalf of the Bombay Municipal Corporation I beg to tender to Your Royal Highness our heartiest felicitations and our best wishes for your happiness."

INDIAN TROOPS RELIEVE GARRISON AT JHANGAR

(Continued from Page 1)

ing the death penalty for offences of loot and abduction of women.

Another Ordinance provides that desertions by the Police Magistrates shall be punishable with seven years' imprisonment in addition to dismissal.

Drastic action is being taken against officers suspected of having engineered the recent communal trouble in Kashmir.

While flying relief supplies to a State troops garrison besieged at Kotli Warrant Officer D. Gosh was wounded by a machine-gun bullet fired by raiders, who have taken position in the surrounding hills.

Next day the R.I.A.F. received an S.O.S. from the Poonch garrison for warm clothes. Complete crew could not be raised without Gosh, who volunteered to go on the mission despite his wound. These supply aircraft have often to fly through a curtain of machine-gun and small arms fire.

S. O. S. From Kotli

JAMMU, Nov. 20, (API): Infantry spearheads of the Indian Army Relief Column, ten miles from Kotli, where the garrison of Jammu and Kashmir States forces has been besieged for the past 26 days is now being shelled by the raiders.

The beleaguered garrison at Kotili radioed the following message "Enemy reinforcing Our situation deteriorating. On very short rations."

Kotli is only 18 miles south-east of the Palandari headquarters of the "Free" Kashmir Government and the nerve centre of the whole invasion operation.

From very advanced positions Indian troops are within 20 miles of Mirpur, another besieged garrison. Indian patrols have gone out in the direction of Bhimbar, a few miles inside the Mirpur border from West Punjab, where an enemy motor transport was observed.

In Gilgit

Reports from Kashmir State that in Gilgit tribesmen have infiltrated towards Gurais, 12 miles from Gilgit border and 35 miles north of Srinagar.

Pakistan To Raise Kashmir Issue At U.N.O.?

LONDON, Nov. 20 (Reuter): The Kashmir issue may be raised at the current session of the United Nations General Assembly. Begum Salma T. Hussain, member of the Punjab Legislative Assembly and a Pakistan delegate to the United Nations organisation said at a meeting here last night. She added that Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, leader of the Pakistan Delegation to U.N.O had received certain instructions on this issue from Pakistan Government.

ECHO OF DYKES' MURDER

LONDON, Nov. 20 (Reuter): The British High Commissioners in India and Pakistan have been instructed to inquire of their respective Governments whether they can trace and punish the murderers of Lt.-Col. D. C. T. Dykes, of the Sikh Regiment, and Mrs. Dykes on October 17 at St. Joseph's Convent, Baramula Kashmir where they had been staying.

KENNERLY MAKES A BREAK OF 354

CALCUTTA, Nov. 20 (API): Kingsley Kennerley, the British billiards and snooker professional, tonight made the biggest break of his present exhibition tour of Indian cities —a break of 354—in a billiard match against a Wali, whom he defeated by 709 to 264.

R

FOR DISCREPANCY in the Stocks of Wheat and Rice sorts 1—A and Sort II, PREMJI SHIVJI, Proprietor, Ration Shop No. 298, Fergusson Road, Bombay, Rs. 100 have been ordered to be forfeited out of his deposit of Rs. 250 with Government.

R

FOR PROFITEERING in Utility Pencils and for failure to display price list of the same: NATHA MAVJI SHAH, MOHAMEDALI ALIBHAI and ABIDALI MOHOMEDALI were convicted. Fines ranging from Rs. 300/- to Rs. 1,150/- and sentences from one month's rigorous imprisonment to five months' rigorous imprisonment were imposed on the convicted persons.

For profiteering in vegetable ghee, Jairaj Popat was convicted and sentenced to suffer four months' rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 200/- or to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

For profiteering in Gur, RAMJI MAHESH was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 400/- or to undergo four months' rigorous imprisonment.

D. F. KARAKA:

Off My Chest

"The Pakistan Times" of Nov. 9th contains the following 2-Col. advertisement which should be of special interest to the Parsi community. Without comment, I reproduce it here below with all its printer's errors.

"Parsees! Pakistan! 1/2 Charity!!!"

"Apropos to my very Cordial Reception at the Government House, Lahore, by our Beloved Qaid-e-Azam, and my appeal to Parsees of Lahore, I learn, as I expected, that Parsees HAVE contributed, ARE contributing and WILL contribute for any Cause dear to our Qaid-e-Azam, Parsees' Creed is "Loyalty to Rulers" and it is whole-hearted. Long Live Qaid-e-Azam.

RUSTOM DINSHAW,
Director, "Glamour."

("Jam-e-Jamshed" and other Parsi organs kindly reproduce.)

* * *

Jack Voyanges is a Greek. He owns the Ambassador Hotel. I dined with him in his new Roof Garden, the first real attempt in this town to create an intimate open-air, self-help dining place, where the food is good and the people inclined to be friendly and at ease.

Jack told me that after last Tuesday night when I dined with him, there was a burglary in his hotel and the cash box with some five thousand rupees was alleged to have been stolen.

That could happen anywhere—but next day the Police inspectors and Sub-inspectors came and he made a statement and the Police inspectors took away in their jeep a night watchman who was the suspect.

At the Esplanade Police Court, while the Police were noting the statements, the suspect asked if he could go and have a cup of tea which he did. He promptly returned after a while. The Police continued their investigations when the suspect asked whether he could go out and relieve himself. The Police let him go without any escort and the suspect never returned.

"What kind of a Police is this?" Jack asked me. The Police told him that as "the suspect was only under suspicion and not under arrest, they are not responsible for him!!"

The Police Commissioner would do well to stop this deterioration in his Police Force.

Deadline 1952?

Russia will be ready by that year for war or peace—three dimensional! Second and concluding part of revelations by "xxx" supposed to be 'General Chaparine' an ex-chief of Red Army Intelligence.

I. N. A. In Germany

Mr. Habibur Rahman: who was among the earliest associates of Netaji Bose in Berlin pleads for an impartial investigation into the inhuman treatment meted out to the I. N. As by the "Indian Security Unit".

Axel Munthe: who was 90 this October, now lives far from the Villa of San Michele on the island of Capri, which his book made famous throughout the world. Almost blind, very ill and tired he lives in a small room in the Royal Palace at Stockholm. His current work is to be called "The Tragedy of Old Age".

Read the exclusive interview in the next "Bombay Chronicle Weekly"

Leg-endary Monument

A monument for the left leg of a traitor who incidentally was the most brilliant soldier of General Washington——

BOMBAY CHRONICLE Weekly

Sunday, Nov. 23

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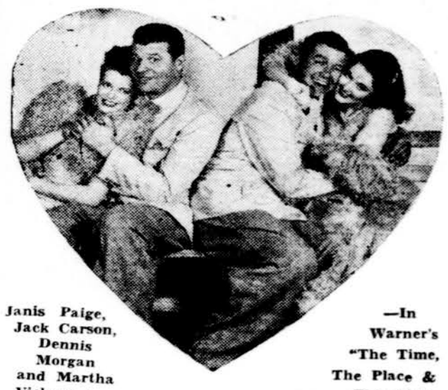

Janis Paige, Jack Carson, Dennis Morgan and Martha Vickers— —In Warner's "The Time, The Place & The Girl".

SEEING THE SHOWS WITH "SARDI"

Regal

THE LAST OF THE RED MEN (Columbia)

Players: Jon Hall, Evelyn Ankers Julia Bishop, Buster Crabbe, Michael O'Shea.

Director: George Sherman.

The best part of this photoplay is its picturesque colour scenery of the days when America was yet full of virgin forests. For the rest, the picture provides an escape from present-day reality into the eighteenth century. The players in their period costumes seem so much like persons garbed for a masquerade, that the whole tale appears a bed-time story for youngsters, particularly schoolboys, for the film is based on James Fenimore Cooper's school-boy classic, "The Last of the Mohicans".

The squabbles and tussles of the pioneering British and the Red Indians, in which even a single Westerner copes successfully against a crowd of the men—magnificent physical specimens—whose country these newcomers are robbing, fail to be exciting because of their incredibility.

It falls to the lot of a British major to escort the two daughters of a British General, to their father, along a route beset with hostile Red Indians. The Major is rather lost when the guide proves treacherous, but Hawk-Eye, an Irish scout and a loyal Red chief, come to his rescue. The party falls several times into the hands of the enemy, but escapes through some miracle or some unbelievable act of bravery on the part of one or other of the characters. Finally, they meet the defeated General in the field, and are pounced upon by the Reds. Need I say who wins? In a melodramatic climax, one of the General's haughty daughters dies in the arms of Hawk-Eye who has loved her silently. The other marries the Major. If they had paired off earlier, we might have been saved some boredom.

Jon Hall, as the English Major, naturally looks completely lost in the assumed nationality as well as in the costumes that, for once in a film, conceal his splendid torso. The girls should delight adolescent hearts. Michael O'Shea, as Hawk-Eye, is amusing and utterly natural.

The entire picture seems, somehow, artificial—or may be I have walked too far from my angelic school-days.

Reminder of school concerts.

Strand

THE TIME, THE PLACE AND THE GIRL (Warners)

Players: Dennis Morgan, Jack Carson, Janis Paige, Martha Vickers, S. Z. Sakall.

Director: David Butler.

This picture cries halt to credulity, so we can sit back and let ourselves sink into the medley of mirthful nonsense it contains.

Steve, a singer, and Jeff, an orchestra leader, are thwarted in their plans of opening a night-club, by the business manager of a 'maestro' of renown. So they use Vicki, the conductor's grand-daughter, to hook the old fish who falls for the bait and acquires a taste for swing as well as Jeff's girl. When the leading lady of the Broadway show they have been preparing, quits with her 'sugar-daddy', the maestro offers to finance them, only to discover, after sending his wife away through a trick, that she has left him with very little money in their joint account.

Light, frothy comedies such as this one, are meant to spread sunshine all round; so you can bet your bottom dollar the gloom will vanish and the miracle will happen. And so it does, when the maestro, though locked in by his wife escapes in his pyjama suit to conduct the orchestra at the premiere, which sky rockets Steve and Vicki to fame, fortune and a lilting fade-out.

S. Z. Sakall is the blithe spirit of this picture as the maestro. Florence Bates, as his spouse, a one-time Prima Donna, does not lag far behind in providing laughs. As Steve and Vicki, Morgan and Vickers make a handsome pair, while Janis Paige and Jack Carson set you chuckling with their familiar girl-chasing—Romeo team work.

Carmen Cavallaro and his orchestra do justice to the light music and Morgan and Vickers do precisely the same to the catchy tunes such as "Through A Thousand Dreams" and "A Gal In Calico".

Romping along.

Excelsior

SINBAD THE SAILOR (R.K.O.-Radio)

Players: Douglas Fairbanks Jr., Maureen O'Hara, Anthony Quinn.

Director: Richard Wallace.

Hashish must be cheap in the tinsel city called Hollywood, and scenarists must be its most willing addicts. The fumes of their pipes thus spiral into splendiferous visions, as in the case of the fabulous Sind who here sets out on a dream quest for the hidden loot of Alexander the Great.

Poor Doug. Jr. frisks and prances about trying to look like his famous father, but ending up by appearing, with his heroics and his flamboyancy, a mere caricature of the senior Fairbanks.

Confusion becomes worse confounded umpteen times, throughout the picture's length, and the end leaves you little wiser than the beginning. The phoney Oriental accents and the absurd costumes are too ludicrous even for a fantasy.

The sailor and his stooge Abbu, find themselves on a ship bound for the treasure island of Deryabar, in clover with Jamal, a wily Mongolian of many parts, and the Emir of Daibul, whose lady-love Shireen has been abducted by Sinbad. Arrived at their destination, the sailor poses as the long-lost son of the Aga Ahmed, with the aid of a locket he has come across by chance. Jamal and the Emir pay with their lives for their greed, while Sinbad and Shireen learn that of all treasures love is the finest. A pity they took so long to acquire the secret that might have rescued the audience from a bewildering two hours of Fairbankian derring-do.

Walter Slezak's Jamal is the brightest cameo in this confusing jumble. Maureen O'Hara is decorative and a fine foil for Doug. Jr., while Anthony Quinn's leers are suitably villainous.

Your chance to smoke hashish.

Metro

GONE WITH THE WIND (M.G.M.)

Players: Clark Gable, Vivien Leigh, Leslie Howard, Olivia de Havilland.

A fairly faithful version of Margaret Mitchell's best-seller, is this adaptation reissued after almost eight years. It tells a reactionary tale, championing the Ku Klux Klan in its diabolic Negro-lynching achivities and making the Negro appear a willing slave!

The story is one of frustration, typified by the heroine, Scarlett O'Hara, a Southern girl of Irish stock, whose main diversion seems to be to covet other people's possessions, effecting property, her younger sister's suitor, or Ashley, the husband of her gentle cousin Melanie. Acquiring much on which her heart was set, she realises, at the end of her ruthless career, that she has wasted herself on worthless ambitions, for she atlast sees Ashley in his true light, that of a dreamer and weakling in lusting after whom she has lost the love of Rhett Butler, whose affection she had repeatedly scorned because of her blind passion for the man who belonged to Melanie, who, though outwardly docile, had been the strength of them all, the flaming sword that had protected them from the world and, at the end, is sheathed in the long sleep.

Playing the dreamer Ashley, Leslie Howard was entirely in his element here. Clark Gable too had a tailor-made role in Rhett Butler. Yet another bit of ideal casting was Olivia de Havilland as Melanie, actually the real heroine of the story. As for Vivien Leigh, M.G.M.'s selection seems to have been motivated by this actress herself being half-Irish. She reveals little of dramatic depth and flounders completely in scenes such as that in which she has to attend to Melanie's confinement.

The picture is a sprawling panorama in which the earlier scenes, depicting the leisurely way of life in the Southern States, are in vivid contrast to the Civil War phase and its aftermath, which form the main background to the story and almost dwarf it.

Searing spectacle.

'The Last Of The Red Men': Entertainment For 'Boys' Of Seven And Seventy—Frothy Warner Musical—Grim And Garish M. G. M Spectacle —Sinbad's Ship Sails Safely

SUNDAY MORNING SHOWS

REGAL—10 a.m.: "The Crusades"—Loretta Young, Henry Wilcoxon.
METRO—10 a.m.: "Gone With The Wind"—Clark Gable, Vivien Leigh.
STRAND—10-30 a.m.: "The Time, The Place And The Girl"—Dennis Morgan, Martha Vickers.

Jon Hall and Evelyn Ankers will thrill schoolboys in "The Last Of The Red Men".

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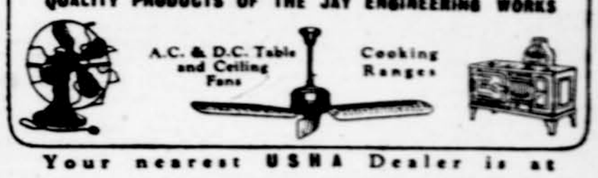

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Nizam Considers Further Grant Of Constitutional Reforms

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Nov. 19. (A.P.I.): A grant of further measure of constitutional reforms is understood to be engaging the attention of the Nizam's Government.

It is understood that some preliminary discussions have also been held by a spokesman of the Nizam's Government in this connection with Swami Ramananda Thirtha, President of the Hyderabad State Congress, who is in jail.

Swami Ramananda Thirtha is understod to have told the Government spokesmen that he and his colleagues, being in jail, he could not hold discussions or give his opinion or that of his party on the matters affecting a large majority of the people of the state.

According to Congress circles, the proposed measure of reforms envisages the widening of franchise, the abolition of functional representation the introduction of territorial constituencies and the preservation of parity between Hindus and Muslims in the services.

LATIF URGES FOR RESPONSIBLE GOVT.

HYDERABAD, Nov. 19. (A.P.I.): The execution of a standstill agreement with the Indian Union the grant of responsible Government in the State, the formation of a broad based provisional interim Government and the proclamation of general amnesty in the state to enable the State Congress to participate in the interim Government, are urged by Dr. Syed Abdul Latif in a statement.

The long-term settlement with the Indian Dominion should be left "to better times" says Dr. Latif and adds that the standstill agreement should not bring in its train 'a new paramountcy of its own' by the Indian Government which should immediately withdraw all the Indian troops from Hyderabad and remove "all existing economic frictions" between the Government of India and Hyderabad. As soon as the standstill agreement is reached Dr. Latif says, "the present ramshackle Government composed of conflicting interests" should be replaced by an interim Government to which the State Congress should be formally invited to participate after a general amnesty is proclaimed "as the State Congress is the only party which can deliver the goods on behalf of the caste Hindus" The State Congress on the other hand Dr. Latif suggests, should immediately withdraw the civil disobedience movement.

GOVT. OUTLINES POLICY OF INFLUX OF REFUGEES.

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Nov. 19. (A.P.I.): A Hyderabad Government communique issued to-day refers to evacuees leaving Hyderabad and outlines the Government's policy relating to the influx of refugees into the State.

The communique states: "the Nizam's Government has been noting with concern the tendency on the part of a certain section of the population to leave the state in panic, the cause of their panic being partly the influx of large number of Muslim refugees from the adjoining provinces and partly the hostile propaganda carried on by the press outside Hyderabad, calculated to promote bitterness between communities and create an unpleasant situation. The Nizam's Government wish to take this opportunity to make it clear to the public that, while it is corresponding with the authorities concerned to check the influx of Muslim refugees, its policy continues to treat all subjects alike without any distinction. The Government are keen on making all its subjects feel and realise that the law-abiding citizens irrespective of caste and community need have no fear about safety of their person or property. In reiterating this policy, the Government wish to warn all lawless elements in the State that they will be sternly dealt with for any attempts at subversion of law and order. The police have been given strict orders on the subject."

Dinny Pails Turns Professional

CHICAGO, November 19. (Reuter). Dinny Pails, Australian Lawn Tennis Singles Champion, joined the ranks of the professionals today on a salary of 20,000 dollars a year, plus a percentage of the gate.

Jack Harris, the sports promoter who recently signed Jack Kramer, Wimbledon and American champion as a professional, said that Pails together with Kramer, Bobby Riggs and another star yet to be signed would make up his team which is to give an extended tour.

The tour will open at Madison Square Garden, New York, on December 26.

EASTERN STATES RULERS TO CONFER ON NOV. 24

Nilgiri Issue Likely To Figur In Agenda

RAIGARH, Nov. 19 (API).—A Conference of the rulers of all the 39 States in the Eastern States Union has been convened at Jamshedpur for November 24, it is learnt here today. The Prime Minister of the Eastern States Union Government is leaving for Jamshedpur tonight to make arrangements for the meeting.

The constitutional position regarding the taking over of the administration of Nilgiri State by the Orissa Government is likely to figure prominently on the agenda of the conference.

INDIAN TEAM FOR QUEENSLAND MATCH

BRISBANE, Nov. 20 (Reuter): Four spinners are included in the Indian Team to meet Queensland here tomorrow. Both C.S. Nayudu and Amir Elahi will play.

The Team is: L. Amarnath, V. Mankad, P. Sen, C.S. Nayudu, Amir Elahi, C. T. Sarwate, K.M. Ragnekar H. R. Adhikari, S. W. Sohoni, G. Kishenchand and A. I. Singh, with C. R. Rangacnari as 12th man.

Hazare will rest. The split between his third and little finger in the left hand is healing rapidly, and he will be available for the test.

Gul Mahomed slightly bruised his finger holding a sensational catch during Monday's victory, but he also will be available for the test.

Now that Adhikari, Kishenchand and Sohoni have sruck form, the side is strong in batting. Hopes are held that Rangnekar will also reach is likely to suit him, it is faster then is likely to suit him; it is faster than Adelaide or Melbourne, and the ball is not likely to rise high.

The Indian's victory against the Australian eleven at Sydney has heightened interest in the tour, and a big crowd is expected.

The weather is warmer, though there may be a few showers.

All-India And Inter-Provincial Badminton Championships

CALCUTTA, Nov. 20 (API): The Thirteenth annual All-India Badminton Championships and the fifth annual Inter-Provincial Badminton Championships will be held this year in the first and second week of December in Bombay along with the Western India Badminton Championships sponsered by the Bombay Provincial Badminton Association, it is officially announced. Moreover, the Bombay Association is trying to make a special feature this year by bringing out leading players from Malaya and Denmark.

Monaghan To Claim World Champion's Share

BELFAST, November 20. (Reuter). Rinty Monaghan, Belfast Flyweight recognised by the Eire Boxing Board and the National Boxing Association of America as World Champion, is seeking legal advice on the decision of the British Boxing Board of Control re-instating Jack Paterson as world title holder.

Monaghan's Manager, Frank McAloran told Reuter today "Monaghan is prepared to fight Paterson or anyone else, but it will not be as challenger. He will claim the Champion's share."

HINTS ON HEALTHY LIVING — 6

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RENEWED SELLING IN STEEL & MILL SHARES

COTTON RULES STEADY WITH RESTRICTED BUSINESS

Bullion Market Quiet On Scattered Realising

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was quietly steady with a restricted turnover. At the moment traders are not inclined to increase their risks pending interim Budget proposals. Thus we had to-day only routine jobbing business which resulted in minor price changes in active shares. The market was quiet under scattered realising.

Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened today at Rs. 1715, and declined at Rs. 1690 but steadied at Rs. 1695. Ordinary shares opened at Rs 353 and quietened at Rs. 349 Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1052 and after declining at Rs. 1037 steadied at Rs. 1040 while Kohinoor shares were quoted at Rs. 549

Later on Tata Steel Dfds. rallied at Rs. 1710 but declined at Rs. 1687 and steadied at Rs 1692. Ordinary shares after touching Rs 350 quietened at Rs. 348/8. Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs. 1035 while Kohinoors changed hands at Rs. 547. Swadeshi shares also declined at Rs. 575. Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 501/4. Scindia shares were quiet at Rs. 33/15 and Bellapurs were steady at Rs. 308. Closing tone of the market was quiet.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1035 Kohinoor 547 Swadeshi 577 Nagpur 301 Simplex 229/8 New Great 360 Gokak 314 Indore 627/8 Century 975 Colaba 235 I Bleaching 138 Swan 339 Inlay 298 Morarji 542/8 Edward 682/3 Meyer 230 Apollo 3/15/6 I U Ordinary 15 I U Defd 2/14 Madhusudan 270 Poddar 320 Khatau X D 355

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. 349 Tata Steel Defd. 1692/8 Second 150/12

CEMENT

Associated Merger 154/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 502/8 Belapur 308 Shivrajpur 35 Scindia 34 Construction 182 Tata Chemical 14/2 Tata Oil 62/8 Indian Iron 32/14 Bengal Steel 26/6

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ord. 129 Tata Hydro 174 Andhra 1585 Power X D 1755

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 80 Phoenix 1310 Ind. Mfg 4460 Koorla 285 Dawn 1545 David 141/4 New City 223/12 Minerva 213/12 Bradbury 631/4 Bharucha (Defd) 7/4 Bharat 44 Mysore 285 Madhavji 15 Model 210 Laxmi 1635 Vishnu 620 Western 4325 Standard 500 Sholapur 6400 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 4550 Tata 72/8 Ahmedabad Advance 430 Sassoon Silk 75/8 New Union 19/14 Madhusudan 292/8 Shrinivas 380 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 280 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 55 Simplex Cpn 116

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 145/10 New 113/12 Surat 170 New Prem. 110 Karachi 143/12 Broach 12/8 Ajmer X D 12/3 Amalgamated 15/8 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 170 Bombay Suburban 132/8 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 100

BANK SHARES

Reserve 117/4 Imperial 2270 P P 553/8 Central 84/4 Coupon 18 India 240/8 Union 9/13 Baroda 165 Habib 151/8 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 62 Jaipur 52 Hindustan Com. 38 Mysore 367/8 Exchange (Ord) 50 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 6300 Empire 780 New India 70/8 Jupiter 33/8 Vulcan 13/12 Indian Mercantile 52/8 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 20/4 Ind. Prud 36/8 Neptune 7 New Great 27 All-India General 31

RAILWAYS

C. P. 107/4 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X R 300 Steamer 572/8 Burma New 158/12 B B Petrol 3.2/6 Mackenzie 145 Port Canning 75 Kemp 510 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust 103/8 Wimco 276/4 Dharamsey Chemical 35 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 18/2 Alembic 255 Supreme India 130 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 82 Walchand Nagar Industries X. R. 155 United Motor 80 A C C New 85 Bombay Safe Deposit 865 Hydri Construction 17/12

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 205 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1400 Tata Power 1431/4 Hydro 135 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 705 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 825 Laxmi 308/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 115/8 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 125 Bradbury 495 Surat Elec. 169/6 Premier Construction (1st Pref) 127 (Second Pref.) 126/14 Amalgamated 135 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 17/10 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 And. Advance 143/12 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 109 Madhusudan 12

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B. Steamer 1950 (8) 106/12 I Hume Pipe (6) 111 Tata Power 1951—102/8 Walchandnagar (6) 117

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 2/14 B I C 7/15 Burma Corporation 3/11 New Victoria 4/11 New Victoria Preference 6/2 Raja 26 Phalton 90 Gold Mohor 305 Kaiser-i-Hind 380 Sajjan 280 Osmanshahi 225 Ajamshahi 200 Air Service 14/8 Air India 195 Ambica 13/8 Hind Motor 6/15 I Steam 12/13 Sone Valley 9

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

MILLS.

Apollo 4 3/15,6
Bharat 43/12 44
B. Dyeing 1055 42/8 45 35 42/8 57/8 43/12 56/4 42/8 35
C. India 307 299 300 298 301
Elphinstone (Ord.) 80
Gokak 319 12 14
I. U. (Defd.) 2/14,6 2/14
I. U. (Ord.) 15/2 14/15 15
Indore 605 13/12 10 15 8/12 27/8 28 27/8
Kohinoor 555 45 50 47 51 47
Madhusudan 270
Model 307/8 5 10
Morarji 542/8
New City 223/12
New Great 390 84 88\85
Poddar 320
Simplex 230 29 30 29 29/8
Sholapur 6400
Swadeshi 583 74 77 73 76 73 77 75 77
Tata Mills 72/8
Vishnu 620
B. Textiles 685 82/8

BANKS.

Baroda 164/8 65
Central 85 83/8 84/4
Imperial (Old) 2270 67/8 70
Imperial (New) 552/8 53/12
Reserve 117/8 18 17/4
Union 9/14 9/13
U. Commercial 62

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 145 45/10
Andhra Valley 1585
B. Tram (Ord.) 129/8 28/12 29 28/8 29
Surat 170
Power 1755

INSURANCE.

Empire 780
New India 70/12 71/8 70/8
Scindia 34/5 33/13 34

STEEL.

B. Steel 26/10 26/4 26/6
I. Iron 335 33/2 33/6 32/12 32/14 32/11 32/14
Tata (Defd.) 1712/8 20 5 12/8 1690 1700 1687/8 1710 1687/8 95 90 92/8
Tata (Ord.) 352 53 50/8 51/8 49 50 48/8 49/8 48 50 48/8 49
Tata (IInd Pref) 150/8 150/12

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 300
A. C. C. (Old) 155 54 54/8
A. C. C. (New) 86 84/8 85
Belapur 307 9 6/8 6 9/8
B. B. (Old) 506 500 2/8 1/4 2/8
B. B. (New) 158/12
B. Const. 185 81 82
Tata Chem. 14/4 14/2
Tata Oil 63 62/8
Wimco 378/12 76/4

SPECIAL.

Central Coupon 17 18
Simplex Coupon 118 16
Mysore Coupon 72 71
Central Bank (New) 86/8 87
Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 113/12
B. Suburban Elec. (New) 132/8

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

	Rs.	as.	p.
2-1/2 p.c. 1954	98	12	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1950	101	6	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1961	97	8	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	101	2	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	100	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962	100	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1976	99	8	0
3 p.c. Non-Terminable ..	100	12	0
3 p.c. 1986 Con.	100	13	6
3 p.c. 1949-52	102	6	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	13	0
3 p.c 1953-55	102	13	0
3 p.c. 1957	102	12	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	102	6	0
3 p.c. 1963-65	102	3	0
3 p.c. 1966-68	101	12	0
3 p.c. 1970-75	101	9	0
3-1/2 p.c 1954-57 ..	105	14	0
4 p.c. 1948-53	103	0	0
4 p.c 1960-70	113	12	0
4-1/2 p.c 1950-55	106	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	114	2	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67	117	8	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2-3/4 p.c. U. P. 1961 ..	98	8	0
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961	99	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955 ...	102	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958 ...	102	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1949 ..	99	6	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53 ..	101	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952 ...	99	8	0
3 p.c. U P 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. N. W. F. 1952 ...	100	4	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1961-66	101	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	113	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	113	0	0
3 p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	117	0	0
6 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1954	121	0	0
6-1/2 p.c. 1977	101	5	0
6 p.c K. P T	121	0	0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

Tata Ordinary 349; Tata Deferred 1692/8; Indian Iron 32/14; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 26/6; Bombay Dyeing 1035; Central India 301/4; Gokak 314/6; Kohinoor 546/14; Simplex 229/8; Swadeshi 576/14; Tata Power 1755; Associated Cement 154/8; Belapur 308/2; Bombay Burma (Old) 502/8; Scindia 34; Central Bank 84/6; New India 70/10; Tata 2nd Pref. 150/10.

ART-SILK QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

	Rs.	as.	p.
120 D. Ready	7	4	0
150 D. Nov.	6	13	6
150 D. Dec.	6	11	6

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

The Bullion market opened firm today but in the absence of buying the market reacted on long liquidation. Later on the market steadied on short covering and scattered buying. It appears that in view of the aggressive action of professional operators sellers are cautious.

Forward silver opened to-day at Rs. 169 and declined at Rs. 159/4 on moderate profit taking. At this level short covering supported the market and silver price steadied at Rs. 159/7. Ready silver was quoted at a discount of annas two at Rs. 159/5.

Forward gold opened at Rs. 105/13 and after declining at Rs. 105/6 rallied at Rs. 105/8. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 105/13 and sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 69/12.

Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	159	6	0
Forward Silver	159	8	0
Ready Gold	105	13	0
Forward Gold	105	8	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

Reports of scattered rain in Madras District induced moderate selling in ground-nuts while castorseeds are entitled to a natural reaction after the recent sharp rise. Foreign advices are easier and fairly large export business is reported in Kardi and Khursani Seeds.

GROUNDNUTS Khandesh quality ready Rs. 29/8. December/January Rs. 29/9. Bold Novemoer/December Rs. 29/3. December/January opened at Rs. 28/11 and after declining at Rs. 28/5, steadied at Rs. 28/8.

CASTORSEEDS Ready Rs. 31/8, May delivery opened to-day at Rs. 135/8 and after declining at Rs. 134/14 advanced at Rs. 135/10.

LINSEED: Ready Rs. 29/12, February/March Rs. 27/12.

OILS: Groundnuts, November Rs. 17/8, December Rs. 16/13, January Rs. 16/11, Castor oil first pressing Rs. 29/4, Commercial quality Rs. 19. Linseed Rs. 18.

Castorseeds May delivery were quiet and closed at Rs. 135/1.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 14th November:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,22,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	279,66,60,000
Sundries	1,43,35,000
Total Rs.	292,94,95,000

ASSETS. Rs.

INVESTMENTS:— Government Securities	161,28,23,000
Other Authorised investments	5,47,48,000
ADVANCES:— Loans	24,98,47,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	45,22,32,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	3,93,77,000
Dead Stocks	1,55,94,000
Sundries	1,50,48,000
CASH:— In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India and with the Central Treasury in Rangoon	47,62,89,000
Balances with other Banks	1,35,37,000
Total Rs.	292,94,95,000

HESSIAN MARKET.

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

	Pics.
45x11, Ready	125
Oct.-Dec.	124
Jan.-March	117 1/2
40x28, Ready	93-8-0
Oct.-Dec.	95-4-0
Jan.-March	94-8-0

PEPPER PRICES.

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

Kartak	816
Magsar	580
Maha	560

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, Nov. 20.

Coiryarn Beypore 170/180, Gullandy 185/175, Fibre Garbled 125, Ungarbled 115, Cocoanut per 1,000, Raw 112/114, Dry 153/154, Cocoanut Oil 415, Copra Office 285, Dil Pasand 335, Madrasnottam 355, Pepper Wynaad 700, Country 680, Dryginger Chernad 260, Ernad 235, Coffee Robusta 96, Timber Pali 50/55, Junglewood 27/32, Vellapuni 35/45, Benteak 50/55, Teak 90/95, Mangoplanks 2/8/3, Teak 12/16, Rosewood 12/18.

KARACHI MARKET.

KARACHI, Nov. 19.

Cottonseed NT Ready 9/1; Jany. 81/4; Steadily held exports 580 bags gold ready 104/4; Sovereigns 69; Firm owing fallen off arrivals from Punjab. Cotton Ready 4 F 52/10; Sind NT Roller 65/10; Punjab LSS Roller 59/14; Jany. 51/15/6. Markets ruled quietly within two annas fluctuations spot business 3120 exports 340 bales.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.

December 3.02 to 3.02-1/4.
March 2.95 to 2.95.
May 2.91 to 2.91-1/4.
July 2.56-3/4 to 2.57.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Nov. 19.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B Dec.-Jany. quoted

LONDON BULLION.

London, Nov. 19.

Silved Spot 45d. Silver Forward 44-3/4d. Gold £8/12/3.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

The local cotton market was fairly steady to-day with scattered buying. The market will close at 3 p.m. so that the members of the cotton trade may attend the unveiling ceremony of the statue of the late Seth Anandilal Podar.

The market was expected to open at Rs. 471 for January delivery but it opened higher at Rs. 472 after declining at Rs. 471/8 on scattered selling advanced at Rs. 473 on renewed buying and steadied at Rs. 472/8.

MUHARRAM HOLIDAY

Local markets will remain entirely closed on Monday the 24th inst. being Muharram Holiday.

The market finally closed at 3 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. January	472	6	0
I.C.C. March	473	4	0
I.C.C May	479	8	0
I.C.C. July	487	4	0
I.C.C. Sept.	492	6	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, Nov. 19.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
Jan.	473-1/4	470-1/4	371-1/4
March	475	472	472-7/8
May	481-3/4	478-1/2	479-3/8
July	489-1/4	486	487-1/8
Sept.	494-1/4	491-1/2	492-3/8
Karachi 4F Jan	52/1/6	51/15/6	51/15/6

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1583 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th 12th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 7/32 7th and 9th Month

New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs 332 1/4

Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs. 330

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4

Montreal Rs. 328 1/2

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329

Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 under L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 3550

Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs. 3650

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79

Java Banks Selling T T D D

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157 1/4.

New York/London Cross Rate Dol 4.03 3/16 o 4.03 5/16.

London Discts 3 Months 17/32 p.c.

London Discts 6 Months 9/16-5/8 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 1/2 p.c 3 months 1/2 p.c 6 months 3/4 p.c 12 months 1-1/4 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

NEW YORK SILVER QUOTED AT 74-5/8

NEW YORK, Nov. 19, (UPA): On the New York market today, the price of silver remained unchanged at 74-5/8 cents per ounce.

The volume of business done was estimated at between 200,000 and 400,000 ounces.

LONDON SILVER PRICE UNCHANGED

LONDON, Nov. 19, (UPA): The price of silver remained unchanged on the London market today, the rates quoted being 45 pence per ounce and 44-3/4 pence for forward.

CREDIT TO FINLAND FOR PURCHASE OF U. S. RAW COTTON

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19, (UPA): The Export-Import Bank today announced a new credit of dol. 5,000,000 to Finland for the purchase of raw cotton in the United States for processing in that country for local use and export to Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

This is the third loan to Finland for much a purpose since December 12, 1945, when the first credit of dol. 5,600,000 was approved. Officials said that this has all been used and dol. 1,300,000 of it repaid.

The second credit was given on April 2, this year for dol. 2,000,000.

The credit was approved for the Bank of Finland. Officials reported the terms the same as the earlier credits, with interest at two-and-one-half per cent.

Sudden Outburst Of Liquidation On N.Y. Cotton Exchange

Wall Street Market Irregularly Higher

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.

Cotton opened steady 3 points higher to 1 lower with the initial stability attributed to mill buying against textile orders. Sagging tendencies then developed being particularly accentuated in the far distant positions reflecting a more liberal influx of hedge offerings and profit-taking owing to the confused outlook regarding foreign aid. Although the Census Bureau's report showed that domestic mills used nearly 100,000 bales more raw cotton during October, this improvement effected no reaction from the market as the official return is virtually unchanged from the New York Cotton Exchange Service's recent estimate. The market steadied towards noon on covering operations and the net position was practically unchanged at the noon call. Prices advanced during the early afternoon session on good trade buying and covering evidently reflecting news that the joint congressional economic committee had evaded action on price controls and rationing and the prompt approval by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee of the interim aid bill. Ireactionary tendencies later developed on sudden outburst of liquidation which continued to find far distant positions more vulnerable. The pressure was associated with the private market forecasting service advocating taking profits. The market closed barely steady, 15 higher to 33 lower. Sales are estimated at 400,000 bales.

A cotton exchange seat was sold today for 10,800 dollars indicating a decrease of 100 dollars from the previous sale.

STOCKS.

The recovery trend continued with signs of enlarged outside interest. Follow through buying following yesterday's moderate gains brought a fairly broadfront advance covering one point or more. But buyers then held off for a time with the result that profit-taking caused some shading of the top marks. Steels, motors, farm implements, containers, sugars, aviations, rails and minings were the best supported groups. The averages were industrials 182.26 and rails 48.11. Prices fluctuated narrowly in the afternoon showing gains of mostly fractions to one point considering that the rally was anticipated in numerous quarters with possible near future testing of the 1947 high levels. Sentiment was markedly more bullish after indications of congressional opposition to Truman's price and wage proposals and the consensus of opinion sees the market henceforth giving greater consideration to business developments including earnings and dividends.

The investing public so far seems undisturbed by the sweeping reduction in United States import duties effective from January first. A steady pressure finally caused a rather mixed appearance with fractional changes. The market closed irregular with the composite rate still slightly higher.

CHICAGO GRAINS.

Prices developed a firmer tendency on buying in all grains credited to commercial interests, despite reports of additional moisture and official forecast of light rain or snow in parts of the winter wheat belt. The market was also aided by reports that January export gain allocations may be announced shortly and are likely to show a larger figure than December. Further stimulation resulted from the strength of the cash markets. The C. C. C. Chicago Office purchased 41,000 bushels wheat yesterday while Minneapolis obtained 45,000 bushels wheat and 100,000 oats. No purchases were made at Kansas city. South-western advices indicated that production and marketing administration has withdrawn from the four market after buying over 2,000,000 pounds weight during the past week.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.

American Telephone and Telegraph	152-3/4
Amerex Holding Co.	30
Anaconda Copper Mining	35-3/8
Chase National Bank	34-1/2
Sinclair Oil	15-3/4
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	49-7/8
General Electric Co	35-3/4
General Motors	58-7/8
Ingersol Rand	130
International Nickel	28-1/4
National City Bank of New York	29-1/2
New York Central Rail Road Co.	13-1/2
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-7/8
Texas Corporation	58-1/2
Union Carbon and Carbide	105
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining	46-1/2
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	76-1/4
Western Union Telegraph Co.	22-1/2

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Nov. 19

December	34.07+00
January	33.98+15
March	34.27+07
March Highest	34.54+34
March Lowest	34.11—09
May	34.05—08
July	32.91—12
October	30.28—32
December	29.85—31
March	29.54—33
Middling Spot	34.67+05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Nov. 19

December	34.07+03
March	34.28+03
May	34.03—11
July	32—9018
October	30.33—37
Middling Spot	33.65+05

CALCUTTA TRAMWAYS SLUMP FIVE SHILLINGS

LONDON, Nov. 19, (UPA): On the London Stock Exchange today, Calcutta Tramways slumped five shillings to 30 shillings— the lowest since 1943 — on the announcement that no dividend will be declared as against 10 per cent dividend previously.

MOURNFUL OVER GOLD DEAL LONDON BULLION CIRCLES INGS IN MIDDLE EAST

LONDON, Nov. 19, (UPA): Gold bullion circles were somewhat mournful over the fact that while they have been officially prevented from dealing in gold en route from South American and other sellers to the Middle East where there is strong demand, no effective ban has been placed upon such dealings in New York, despite the formal decision of the U.S. Government that following the official request by the International Monetary Authority — such dealings must cease.

According to the view held here London is obeying the request of the Treasurey, but New York is apparently ignoring the request of the U. S. Treasury.

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES

NEW YORK, Nov. 19, (UPA): Pepper futures closed inactive and nominally unchanged on the New York market today. The spot market also remained unchanged with spot lampong in good demand at 55 cents and white muntok quoted at 58 cents. Shipment pepper ruled at wide discounts reflecting anticipation of heavier arrivals over the next couple of months and seasonal slackening in consumer demand. Brokers said the existing tight spot situation has been accentuated to some extent as importers await clearances on recent arrivals.

Out of an estimated total of 1,500 tons arriving here during the last two and one-half months, only one-third has been released after Government inspection, brokers estimated.

Closing prices included:

Dilivery

December	48	asked
January	42	nom.
March	33	bid
May through October	33	nom

Castorseeds were quoted at 170.

LONDON PEPPER QUIET

LONDON, Nov. 19 (UPA): Prices remained unchanged on the London market today for black and white pepper. The rates quoted were 1/10-1/2 for black and 2/8-1/2 for white.

U. S. TEXTILE EXPORTS MOVING TO NEW HIGH

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18, (U.S.I.S.): U. S. Cotton textile exports, which thus far this year have exceed any full year in history, may easily reach a new high of 1,300,000,000 square yards by the end of 1947, according to textile exporters. This would be almost twice that of 1946 and more than 400,000,000 square yards over the previous high record of 1920.

Exports ran at an average of 120,000,000 square yards per month the first seven months of 1947. Even though current orders for cotton textile goods are about one-third smaller than orders placed a few months ago, exports are still larger than those of pre-war days. In 1946 the United States exported about 40 per cent of the estimated total world exports of cotton cloth, compared with slightly less than 25 per cent during 1940-44 and less than five per cent in 1934-38, when world trade in textiles was considerably larger than in the war and post-war years.

REPORTS CONSUMPTION OF COTTON.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19, (U. P. A.): The Commerce Department today reported that the consumption of cotton during October in the U. S totalled 826,216 bales. The Department said that the consumption of foreign cotton during October was as follows:

	Bales.
Egyptian	8,721
Peruvian	2,513
Indian	11,124
Others	43

The Department also said that the U. S. imported the following amounts of cotton during September:

	Bales.
Egyptian	13,887
Peruvian	3,677
Brazilian	595
Mexico	69,299
British India	6,141
Others	1,927

COTTON GOODS STRONGER

NEW YORK, Nov. 19, (UPA): The cotton goods trade found itself in a stronger position today, highlighted by new high prices for third quarter print cloth and yarn fabrics. However, the actual amount of business was on the quiet side, reflecting a withdrawn position of mills and a desire to mark time awaiting further Washington developments. Sellers described the situation as largely routine with available nearby goods finding a ready outlet.

EGYPTIAN CABINET RESHUFFLED

2 Ministers Resign And 3 New Members Taken In

CAIRO, Nov. 20 (Reuter).—Ismail Nokrashy Pasha, the Egyptian Prime Minister relinquished last night the Foreign Affairs Ministry and took over the Ministry of Finance in addition to that of the Interior in a Cabinet reshuffle.

The two Ministers who resigned were Abdul Maquid Badr Pasha, Finance Minister, whose policy, which included Egyptian withdrawal from the sterling area, was widely criticised, and Major General Ahmed Attia Pasha, the Defence Minister.

Other changes were Ahmed Khashaba Pasha from Agriculture to Foreign Affairs, Mohmoud Hassan Pasha, from Social Affairs to Minister of State.

Three new members were Mouuri Badr Bey, Minister of Justice, Galal Fahim Pasha, Social Affairs and Lewa Mohamed Ahidar Pasha, National Defence.

The remainder of the Cabinet was unchanged.

RAU STUDIES APPLICABILITY OF U. S. CONSTITUTION

Interviews Officers Of State Department

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19, (Reuter): Accompanied by the Indian Ambassador, Mr. Asaf Ali, Sir B. R. Rau, Constitutional Adviser to the Indian Government, paid a courtesy call on President Truman at the White House today. Sir B. R. Rau, who has been inquiring into the practical application of various aspects of the American constitution with a view to including some of them in the draft constitution for India, has had many interviews with judges of the Supreme Court and officers of the state department. He said all his interviews had been most helpful and that he "learned a great deal".

Sir B. R. Rau, who has already spent about three weeks in the United States was to have returned to India tomorrow, but postponement of consideration of the draft constitution permitted him to remain here longer.

19 BURNT ALIVE IN STORE ROOM BLAZE

CHRIST CHURCH, November 19, (Reuter): Forty-one people had tonight been definitely listed as missing in a fire yesterday afternoon at a department store here.

Thirty-nine bodies have been recovered.

The victims will be buried on Sunday in mass funeral because of difficulty in identification.

CANADA GOVT'S. PLANS DON'T GO FAR ENOUGH

OTTAWA, Nov. 19, (U. P. A.): Canada's gold mine operators said yesterday that the Government plans to spur gold production do not go far enough.

The Canadian Minister of Finance announced on Monday night that the Government will defray the cost of additional production above the amount mined in the year ended June 30th by paying seven dollars per fine ounce more for such additional production.

Complaining on this procedure, the President of the Prospectors' and Developers' Association V. R. Macmillan said that "unless it is changed to include all production, this premium will not increase the overall output. Mine costs have risen 40 per cent above the pre-war rates and many operators say they need to get 49 dollars per ounce to offset this increase.

Gold is now selling for about 35 dollars per ounce. The Government will buy additional production for about 42 dollars per ounce.

Other operators said that the general labour shortage throughout the industry prohibits much increased production with or without the new subsidy. Outside industry was offering higher wages and was thus attracting men who could become miners and until the mines get relief on their current production, they won't be in a position to compete with these outside wage rates.

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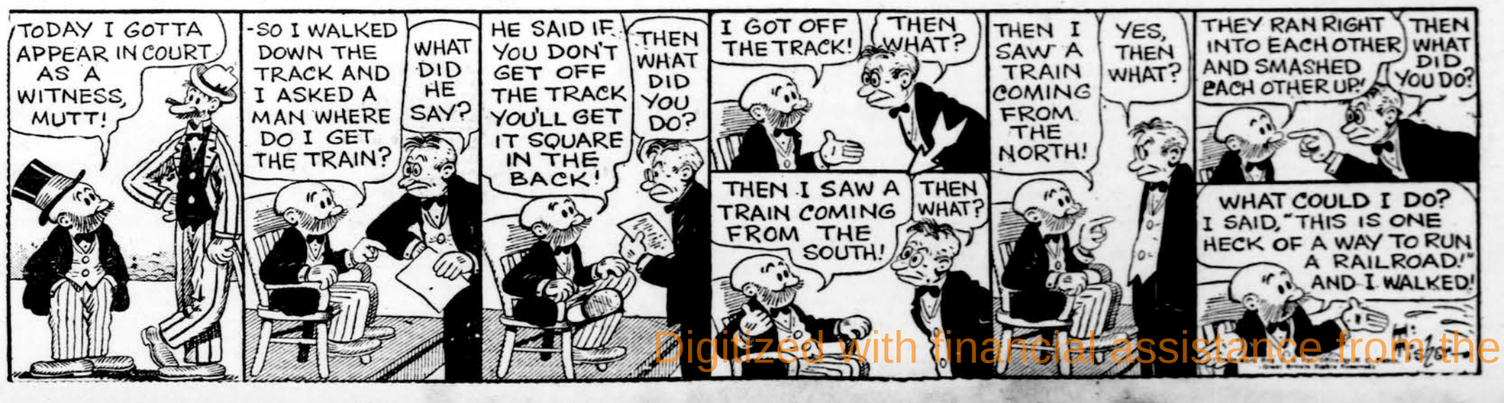
MUTT AND JEFF—So, In Case Of Fire, Wring The Towel — BY BUD FISHER


TODAY I GOTTA APPEAR IN COURT AS A WITNESS, MUTT!
-SO I WALKED DOWN THE TRACK AND I ASKED A MAN WHERE DO I GET THE TRAIN?
WHAT DID HE SAY?
HE SAID IF YOU DON'T GET OFF THE TRACK YOU'LL GET IT SQUARE IN THE BACK!
THEN WHAT DID YOU DO?
I GOT OFF THE TRACK!
THEN WHAT?
THEN I SAW A TRAIN COMING FROM THE SOUTH!
THEN WHAT?
THEN I SAW A TRAIN COMING FROM THE NORTH!
YES, THEN WHAT?
THEY RAN RIGHT INTO EACH OTHER AND SMASHED EACH OTHER UP!
THEN WHAT DID YOU DO?
WHAT COULD I DO? I SAID, "THIS IS ONE HECK OF A WAY TO RUN A RAILROAD!" AND I WALKED!

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SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted energetic Floor Manager for Ballroom Restaurant. Man with experience and initiative preferred. Apply with details of experience and salary expected to Post Box 416, Bombay. (7495)

Wanted an experienced Shorthand typist immediately on decent salary with bright prospects. Apply personally to Famous Cine Litho Works, 40 B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay, 11 (7494)

Wanted Graduates and Under graduates, Gujarati knowing Teachers. Apply personally Principal, R. A. Vidyalaya, Ghatkopar. 7472

Wanted: Draftsmen, Tooldesigners, experienced Electrical and Mechanical Engineers for an Automobile factory in Bombay. Apply to Box No. 6098, "Bombay Chronicle."

Colliery Manager wanted hilly coal mine in Darjeeling Himalay. Apply stating pay and experience. P. K. Ray, P.O Pillans-hat, Jalpaiguri. Indian Union (Bengal). 5984

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Dentistry within short period. Apply prospectus Dental Training Institute P.B. 91 Jamnagar. (7458)

Labour College. (Sponsored by the Socialist Party) evening classes will re-open on 1st December. Admissions to Elementary (Marathi, English) and Intermediate (English) courses are made daily at Podar College, Matunga from 6-30 p.m. to 7-30 p.m. Fees English course Rs. 10/- and Marathi Rs. 5/-. (7496)

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Free: Free God's Gift Medicine for Piles:— V P. Charge Rs. 1/- only write in English. Menka Depot, 19, S. N. Bannerji Rd., Calcutta. (5462A)

Aerosol Bombs—A wonderful invention of the modern times. It kills mosquitoes, bugs, flies, cockroaches and very economic. Aerosol Agency 5/B, Muktaram Babu Street, Calcutta. (6149)

PROPERTY FOR SALE

For Sale Immediately Vacant Cottage having four rooms and verandah with separate outhouse of five rooms and kitchen, small garden and water-service, within ten minutes' walk from railway station in a small town near Poona. Price Rupees Ten thousand. No brokers. Apply Box No. 7484, "Bombay Chronicle."

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Christian Businessman's Growing Business require short-term loans. Safe investment, handsome returns. Genuine considerate investors need write Box No. 7471, "Bombay Chronicle."

INVESTMENT

Various kinds of 6 to 7 1/2 per cent. Tax free Pref Shares of Tea and others are available for sale Enquire Sterling Investment Co. 1 British Indian Street, Calcutta 5581

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted—Agents or Stockists for our Pearl and Nut Buttons. The Krishna Button Mfg. Co. Dacca (Bengal). 7462

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P.RLY.—TENDERS

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 1-12-1947 for the supply of Salt (Kupa) at the Railway grainshops on the Poona and Bhusaval Divisions. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asst. Controller, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway at Poona or Bhusaval. (6132)

NOTICE

THE INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE NAV. & TRADING CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 20734 for 100 Nos.: 187217 to 187316 shares of the above company standing in the name of late Mr. SAFARALLY EBRAHIM have been LOST or MISLAID. Any person having any claim over the said shares should notify to the Company at its registered office at "Scindia House" Ballard Estate, Bombay No. 1 within 21 days from the date hereof. Otherwise, steps will be taken to obtain the duplicate certificates from the company.

Signature
KAMRUDIN SAFARALLY,
Bombay, dated 20/11/47. (7497)

PUBLIC NOTICES

INDIAN OILSEEDS COMMITTEE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts under the Indian Oilseeds Committee:—

(i) ONE post of Superintendent in the scale of Rs. 350-20-450-25-500.

(ii) THREE posts of Assistants in the scale of Rs. 120-8-160-10-200-E.B.-10-350.

(iii) ONE post of Statistical Assistant in the scale of Rs. 120-10-250-E.B.-15-400.

(iv) ONE post of Accountant in the scale of Rs. 175-10-225.

The usual dearness and other allowances will be admissible. The scales of pay in all cases may be revised in accordance with the Central Civil Services (Revision of Pay) Rules, 1947. A higher initial pay than the minimum of the prescribed scales may be given to specially qualified or experienced hands.

Candidates may be required to appear for interview at their own expense.

QUALIFICATIONS:

(i) SUPERINTENDENT: Must be a graduate with at least 5 years experience in Government Offices. Preference will be given to those who are working or have worked as Assistants-in-charge, or Superintendents.

(ii) ASSISTANTS: Graduates with experience in Government offices would be preferred.

(iii) STATISTICAL ASSISTANT: Experience in compilation of statistical data. Graduates with knowledge of statistics would be preferred.

(iv) ACCOUNTANT: Experienced accountants or S.A.S.'s would be preferred. Applications from retired persons fit for work will also be considered.

Applications stating qualifications, experience, date of birth, community and domicile should reach the undersigned not later than 3RD DECEMBER, 1947.

(Sd.) K. C. CHETTY,
Secretary,
Indian Oilseeds Committee.
Room No. 30, "M" Block,
Imperial Secretariat,
New Delhi. (6142)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites tenders for the following works, which will be received upto 1 P.M. (B.T.) on FRIDAY, the 5th December, 1947.

(1) The construction of 8'-0" x 5'-0" brick masonry arched drain between culvert, under the Railway tracks (west boundary) draining the open drain on the north of Gold Mohar Mill and the main drainage channel on the west of Purification Works at Dadar.

2(a) Construction of an additional reinforced cement concrete Pumping station and Transformer Switch House at Matunga, and

(b) Construction of an ovoid sewer connecting the existing sewers with the proposed Pumping station.

Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued on payment of Rs. 5/- for each copy, to any one deputed to receive them by the Special Engineer, (Works Branch), who will on application give any further information that may be required.

Tender copies will not be supplied by Post.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner.
Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay,
19th November, 1947. (6144)

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

PUBLIC NOTICE

IT HAS BEEN DECIDED to allow limited imports of uncut diamonds and other precious stones, unpolished pearls and rough synthetic stones for the specific purpose of being cut, polished or finished in India and subsequently re-exported to a country abroad. Licences will be issued for the period July-December 1947 to the extent of a percentage of the value of re-exports of such articles during the period January-June 1947 and only to such parties who can show that they have exported polished and cut materials during that period. Intending importers should apply to the Chief Controller of Imports without delay. Their applications should be supported by documentary evidence of actual re-exports during January-June 1947 and should contain an undertaking by the applicant that the material will after import be cut, polished or finished and re-exported without delay by the applicant and will not be made available for sale in the country. A certificate should also be attached to the application from the Reserve Bank of India or from a dealer in foreign exchange to the effect that either full payment of the value of the articles re-exported during January-June 1947 has already been received or arrangements have been made through them for receiving payment. Incomplete application or applications sent without necessary documentary evidence will not be attended to and will not be answered.

(Sd.) T. ARUMUKHA MUDALIAR,
Dy. Chief Controller of Imports & Exports.
Arya Bhavan, Graham Road,
Bombay, the 20th November, 1947. (6148)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for the supply of Oil Lamps and Fittings for the period 1-2-1948 to 31-1-1949. Tender Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date 15-12-1947 at 3 P.M. (S.T.). (6138)

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, BOMBAY.

No. 27770/151—In supersession of the order dated the 31st May, 1943, issued by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, requiring intending omnibus passengers to form queues which was last renewed for a period of six months on the 19th May, 1945, it is hereby ordered that intending omnibus passengers waiting at bus stops for omnibuses shall form queues on the pavement parallel to the kerb or parallel to the edge of the roadway where no pavement exists and that no intending omnibus passenger shall enter any omnibus until passengers who wish to alight have done so, and then only in strict rotation in accordance with his position in the queue.

This order is made under section 23(1)(d) of the City of Bombay Police Act, IV of 1902 and shall remain in force for a period of six months from the date hereof.

H. E. BUTLER,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 19th Nov. '47.

Note—The above order which was extended by my orders, dated the 1st May, 8th November, 1946 and 8th May, 1947, upto and including the 18th November, 1947 is hereby further extended under the provisions of section 23(1)(d) of the City of Bombay Police Act, IV of 1902, for a further period of six months from the 19th November, 1947.

(Sd.) J. S. BHARUCHA,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office:
Bombay, 18th November, 1947. (6147)

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY & SUPPLY (INDIA)

IRON & STEEL CONTROL
100, Netaji Subhas Road,
Calcutta, the 17th November, 1947

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that all Iron and Steel Registered Stockists who have been displaced due to the disturbances in the Punjab and elsewhere and who have evacuated to the Dominion of India should individually apply to the Iron & Steel Controller, Stockists Section, 100, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta giving the following particulars:—

1. Registration No.
2. Address at which the registered Stockist transacted his business.
3. Evidence if available to prove that the Registered Stockist had been in business as Iron and Steel Stockist prior to War. Invoices of Producers, or Exporters should be furnished covering supplies received. Failing this the usual source of supply should be indicated e.g. Tatas, Name of re-rolling Mill, Exporting or Importing house.
4. A certificate from the Ministry for Relief & Rehabilitation of the Provincial Government to which the Stockist has now evacuated certifying that the stockist is displaced.
5. A statement by the Stockist to the effect that he does not intend to settle again at his original place of business and that he is prepared to serve as a Registered Stockist in the Indian Dominion subject to the location being agreed to by him.

This, however, does not involve the Iron & Steel Control in any liability due to certain Stockists having lost their property including stocks of Iron and Steel.

M. K. POWVALA,
Iron & Steel Controller. (6141)

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED from Motor Transport Contractors for the Government of Bombay Civil Supplies Department Transport work in Bombay City and Suburbs with effect from 1-1-1948 to 30-6-1948. Tenders should be on the following basis:—

(a) Ton-mile rate, the minimum distance for any one-movement being taken as one mile and

(b) (1) Rate per truck per day of 9 hours including one hour's lunch. Should any truck be required on any day beyond 9 hours proportionate increase per hour will be allowed.

(2) Rate per truck for half day of 5 hours.

The rate shown at (b) (1) & (2) above will primarily be applicable for movements for which ton-mile rate cannot be made applicable. The loading capacity of these trucks should be not less than 3½ tons per truck.

2. Further particulars as well as tender forms can be obtained from the undersigned on application. The tender should reach the undersigned before noon on 3-12-1947. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

H. SAVAGE,
Director,
Govt. Transport Service.
Svadeshi Mills Estate,
Queen's Road, Bombay. (6136)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE SIRDAR CARBONIC GAS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that as per Resolution passed by the Board of Directors at their Meeting held on the 20th Nov. 1947 an AD INTERIM DIVIDEND at Rs. 15- per share (Free of Income Tax) for the half year ending 30th September, 1947, will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company at Sir Vithaldas Chambers, 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on and after MONDAY, the 22nd December, 1947, to those shareholders whose names stand on the Registers of the Company on Saturday the 6th December, 1947.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOK of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 8th December, 1947, to SATURDAY, the 20th December, 1947, both days inclusive.

V. D. THACKERSEY & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay—20th Nov. 1947. (6150)

DOCKYARD NOTICE.

All daily rated Dockyard employees who have opted finally for Pakistan and who were discharged from the Dockyard from 15th November, 1947, are hereby informed that unless they are prepared to take passage on Thursday, the 27th November, 1947, they will lose all entitlements to free passage to Pakistan. Men requiring passage are to report to their Departments not later than noon of Tuesday, the 25th November, 1947.

CAPT. SUPERINTENDENT,
H. M. I. Dockyard,
Bombay.
20th November, 1947. 6151

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SAYED EKRAM HUSSEIN, SAYED MURTUZA HUSSEIN and Bai UMATULAISSA, widow of Sayed Ishtiak Hussein, SAYED MURTUZA HUSSEIN and all other heirs and legal representatives of Sayed Ishtiak Hussein, Sayed Murtuza Hussein and Bai Kumulnissa widow of Sayed Ekbal Hussein, Sayed Murtuza Hussein and all other heirs and legal representatives of Sayed Ekbal Hussein, Sayed Murtuza Hussein, all of Faizabad Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned properties to Mr. PANDURANG BALKRISHNA NAGVEKAR, who in turn has contracted to sell the same to my client.

Any person having any claim in or to the said properties or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement, maintenance or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to me at my Office at Bharat Bhuwan, Kalbadevi Road, Opp. Bank of India (Kalbadevi Branch), Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered to have been waived.

THE SCHEDULES OF THE PROPERTIES

1ST:—Vacant land at junction of Old Prabhadevi Road and 40 ft. Cross Road in Sub-Registration District of Bombay, admeasuring 225.62 sq. yds., New Survey No. 1716 part Cadastral Survey No. 1579 of Lower Parel Division, towards East by vacant plot of land of Vendors, bearing C. S. No. 1047 towards west by 40 ft. Cross Road, towards North by Old Prabhadevi Road and towards South by property bearing C.S. No. 2/1046 part.

2ND:—Pension and Tax Land, situated at Old Prabhadevi Road, in Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring according to old measurement 538 sq. yds. and present measurement 492 sq. yds. Collector Old No. 429 No. in Collector's Rent Roll No. 1123. No. in Collector's last Rent Roll 4211, Old Survey No. 600, New Survey No. 1/1747, Cadastral Survey No. 1047 of Lower Parel Division, towards East partly by property of Velankar and partly by property of Mahomed Ibrahim Champar, towards North by Old Prabhadevi Road, towards West by vacant plot of land, belonging to Vendors bearing C. S. No. 1579 towards south by property of Mahomed Ibrahim Champar.

Both the above plots are assessed by Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward Nos. 2930(2) and 2932 (1 to 3) and Street No. 395 A. 397 & 397 B.

M. A. DOTIVALA,
Purchaser's Advocate.
Bombay, 21st Nov. 1947. (6135)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY
No. 148 of 1947.

Re: KAIKHUSHROO KHOJESTA SEERVAI, of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitant, residing at Versova outside the Fort of Bombay: ..... A Debtor.

Ex parte: Messrs. JASRAJ PRATAPMAL & CO. Petitioning Creditors

On the Petition of the abovenamed Petitioning Creditors presented on the 30th day of November, 1947, an order was made on the 18th day of November, 1947, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 19th day of November, 1947

SAROSH H. A. VAKIL,
Insolvency Registrar. (6146)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Rly., Parel invites Tenders upto 3 P.M. on 1-12-'47 for, "VADALA ROAD STATION—PROVISION OF WATER FLUSHED BLOCK OF THREE SEATED LATRINES AND TWO SEATED URINALS." The Tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his Office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Drawings for the work will be issued on an additional payment of Rs. 3/- per set being made. These sums will not be refunded. (6145)

NOTICE.

THE OFFICE of the Special Officer, Cottage Industries Products (under the Joint Registrar for Industrial Co-operatives & Village Industries, Poona) which is situated on the 3rd floor of Development Department Buildings, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, will be shifted to Block No. 7, Queen Barracks, Cooperage, Bombay, with effect from Monday the 10th November, 1947. (6143)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T. will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 5-12-1947 for the supply of pulses and chillies at the railway grainshops on the Poona and Bhusaval Divisions. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asst. Controllers, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, Poona and Bhusaval. (6137)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of 10 New Micro Film Cameras and Micro Film Readers in original packing on THURSDAY, 27th Inst. at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at our Auction Rooms 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from M/s. Shaparia Dock and Steel Co., Ltd. and on a/c and at the risk of M/s D. Lovji, Bombay, the defaulting purchasers.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

This revolver is so well-known for its high qualities, that no further eulogisation is necessary. Suffice it to say that it successfully competes the genuine American makes and is fitted with automatic repeater-dial of six shots. It emits terrible sound and sparks, scaring away dacoits and wild animals. A unique defensive weapon.

Price No. 2222 Rs. 6-8-0; No. 3333 Rs. 7-13-0; No. 4444 Rs. 8-12-0 with shots.

Extra shots at Rs. 5/ for 4 dozen. Leather belt Rs. 5/- each. Lubricating Oil Rs. 1/4/—per phial.

UNITED TRADERS P. B. No. 243 CAWNPORE.

India Lamp
The Lamp that never Fails In Rains or in Gales
BRASS PLATED CONES AND REFLECTERS.
THOUSANDS IN USE throughout INDIA & BURMA.
Manufactured by
INDIA CYCLE MFG. CO. LTD
4, CLIVE GHAT STREET, CALCUTTA

Distributors: NIGAM BROS. P-14, Bentinck St., Calcutta

THEY ALL SAY THE SAME!

A few weeks ago we advertised to our customers that we would be able to buy Lalimli materials again this season. Letters and telegrams have poured in from all parts of the country. In effect they all say the same thing—"We want Lalimli materials"

Since then, Government have issued the Woollen Goods Control Order 1947. This has prevented us from supplying as much Lalimli material as we had anticipated for sale to the general public. We feel we owe this explanation to our friends and customers, and have to request their further patience until supply conditions improve.

TWEEDS • WORSTEDS • LOHIS • KNITTING YARNS
TRAVELLING RUGS • BLANKETS • KNITTED WEAR, Etc

THE CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS, CAWNPORE

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